SDM-2009 Docking Station
PC Controlled Configuration
Operator’s Manual

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- Batteries
- Pump diaphragms and valves
- Filter elements
- Fuses

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CAUTION: Read and understand this manual before using the SDM-2009. Also read and understand the GX-2009 Operator’s Manual.
Chapter 1: Introduction

Overview

This section briefly describes the SDM-2009 Docking Station, the Single Module Data Viewer Program, and the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program. This section also describes the *SDM-2009 Docking Station PC Controlled Configuration Operator’s Manual* (this document). Table 1 at the end of this section lists the SDM-2009’s specifications.

The SDM-2009 Docking Station is an advanced, reliable system that provides charging, calibration, bump testing, and calibration and bump test records for the GX-2009 portable gas monitor. It is designed to save the calibration and bump test records to a USB flash drive (standalone functionality) or to be connected directly to a computer (PC controlled functionality). If calibration and bump test records are stored to a USB flash drive while operating in the standalone configuration, the Single Module Data Viewer Program can then be used with a Windows-based personal computer to retrieve calibration and bump test data files from the USB flash drive or from the computer’s hard drive if the files have been transferred to the hard drive from the flash drive. If you are using the PC Controller Program while operating in the PC controlled configuration, you may retrieve instrument data, bump test, and calibrate up to 10 units at once. Instrument information and data for each instrument can be viewed directly using the PC Controller Program and can be printed from the PC Controller Program. For instructions to use the SDM-2009 in the Standalone configuration, see the *SDM-2009 Docking Station Standalone Configuration Operator’s Manual*.

The purpose of this manual is to explain how to set up and use the SDM-2009 in PC Controlled configuration. It also explains how to use the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program. You will learn how to:

- install and launch the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program
- setup the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program for use with the SDM-2009
- prepare the SDM-2009 for use
- bump test and calibrate up to 10 units using the PC controlled configuration
- use the SDM-2009 to charge a GX-2009
- view, print, and export calibration and bump test records
- view instrument information and data using the PC Controller Program
- update instrument parameters using the PC Controller Program

**CAUTION:** The GX-2009 detects oxygen deficiency and elevated levels of oxygen, combustible gases, carbon monoxide, and hydrogen sulfide, all of which can be dangerous or life threatening. When using the GX-2009, you must follow the instructions and warnings in the GX-2009 Operator’s Manual to assure proper and safe operation of the unit and to minimize the risk of personal injury.
CAUTION: The operator of this instrument is advised that if the equipment is used in a manner not specified in this manual, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

System Requirements

To use the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Software, your personal computer must meet the following requirements:

- **Processor:** IBM® compatible PC running Pentium® 2 processor or equivalent minimum
- **Memory:** 32 MB RAM minimum
- **Hard Disk Space:** 32 MB minimum
- **One (for 4 or less SDM-2009s) or two (for 5 or more SDM-2009s) available USB port(s), one or two USB hubs may also be needed depending on the number of SDM-2009s in your system. See “USB Hub Requirements for Multiple Station Systems” on page 16.
### Specifications

**Table 1: SDM-2009 Specifications**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Input Power                          | 12 VDC  
   NOTE: AC Adapter with 100 - 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 0.6A input and 12 VDC, 1.2A output provided as standard. |
| Environmental Conditions             | - For Indoor Use Only  
   - -10°C to 40°C, below 80% Relative Humidity, Non-Condensing                                                                        |
| Applicable Instrument                | GX-2009                                                                                                                                |
| Memory Capacity                      | 64 KB (Standalone configuration only)                                                                                                 |
| Maximum Record Size                  | 256 bytes (Standalone configuration only)                                                                                              |
| Maximum Number of Records Saved      | 200 (Standalone configuration only)                                                                                                   |
| Number of Calibration Gas Cylinders  | One calibration gas cylinder per bump test or calibration                                                                              |
| Standard Accessories                 | - AC Adapter  
   - USB Flash Drive  
   - Single Module Data Viewer Program*  
   - SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program*  
   - Inlet Air Filter  
   - Instruction Manual  
   - 10 Foot Long 5/16 Inch Exhaust Tube  
   - One 3 Foot Long 3/16 Inch Tube for GAS Fitting  
   - 10 Foot Long 3/16 Inch Tube for GAS Fitting Manifolding  
   - 2 T-Fittings  
   - Check Valve  
   - USB Cable, Type A to Type B |


**NOTE:** The bump test function of the GX-2009 is included in instruments with firmware version 03955 or later installed. GX-2009 instruments shipped after May 2011 include the bump test function. Instruments that have a serial number starting with 04516 or later shipped from the factory with the bump test function available. Instruments that have a serial number starting with 04515 did not include the bump test function when shipped from the factory. The factory setting for the bump test function is off. Any GX-2009 can be bump tested using the SDM-2009 and the PC Controller Program regardless of its firmware version.
About this Manual

The SDM-2009 Docking Station PC Controlled Configuration Operator’s Manual uses the following conventions for notes, cautions, and warnings.

**NOTE:** Describes additional or critical information.

**CAUTION:** Describes potential damage to equipment.

**WARNING:** Describes potential danger that can result in injury or death.

Cautions & Safety Information

- Use only polyurethane sample tubing with the SDM-2009. Consult RKI Instruments, Inc. for other materials.
- Do not subject the SDM-2009 to infrared or intense light. This may cause communication errors.
- Do not expose the SDM-2009 to water.
- Do not subject the SDM-2009 to any hard impact.
Chapter 2: Description

Overview

This section describes the SDM-2009 docking station. It is designed to be used on a table top and consists of the AC adaptor, Type A to Type B USB cable, air filter, check valve, 3 plastic T-fittings, sample tubing, instrument panel, back panel, control panel, status LEDs, and 2 USB ports.

SDM-2009 Components

Instrument Cradle

The instrument cradle is a recessed area on the top of the SM-2009 that is designed to accept the GX-2009. Insert the GX-2009 in the instrument cradle when you perform a bump test or calibration. The cradle has charging contacts on the bottom that mate with the contacts on the back of the GX-2009. There are sample ports in the front of the cradle that match up with the GX-2009’s sensors and route air and calibration gas to the sensors during a bump test or calibration. An infrared (IR) port at the back of the cradle lines up with the GX-2009’s IR port when it is inserted in the cradle and is used to communicate with the GX-2009. A retaining tab that holds the GX-2009 in the cradle is located to the right of the IR port.

Figure 1: Instrument Cradle
**Back Panel**
The back panel includes the power jack, sample fittings, and a USB PC connector.

![Figure 2: Back Panel](image)

**Power Jack**
The power jack is located in the bottom left corner of the back panel. The plug on the end of the AC adapter cable mates to it.

**Sample Fittings**
Three sample fittings are located on the back of the SDM-2009. The AIR fitting is in the upper left corner and draws air into the SDM-2009. The GAS fitting is to the right of the AIR fitting and is used to connect the SDM-2009 to a calibration gas cylinder. Both fittings accept 3/16 inch ID tubing.

An exhaust fitting is located in the upper right corner. It allows routing of the exhausted calibration gas to a convenient location. This fitting accepts 5/16 inch ID tubing. Even though the exhaust gas can be routed to an area to be safely dispersed, the docking station should still be installed in a well ventilated area.

**PC Connection**
A type B USB connection is located beneath the exhaust fitting on the SDM-2009’s back panel. It is used to connect the SDM-2009 to a PC.
Control Panel

The control panel is used to setup and operate the docking station in the Standalone configuration. It is located at the front of the docking station. It includes the control buttons, the control button LEDs, and the CHARGE status LED.

Five control buttons are located on the control panel. From left to right they are BUMP ▼, CAL ▲, EDIT ENTER, COPY, and POWER. The BUMP ▼, CAL ▲, EDIT ENTER, and COPY control buttons are not used in the PC Controlled configuration of the SDM-2009. The BUMP ▼ LED and CAL ▲ LEDs indicate the results of bump tests and calibrations, respectively. The COPY LED does not indicate anything in the PC Controlled configuration but will be on if the SDM-2009 was used in the Standalone configuration and calibration and bump test records are still stored in the SDM-2009’s memory. The CHARGE LED is located above the POWER button and functions as a pilot LED, a system failure LED, and a charge indication LED.

The POWER button turns the SDM-2009 on and off.
Front Panel

A type A USB port is located on the front of the docking station. This port can be used to save calibration and bump test data to a USB flash drive. This USB port is for use only in the Standalone configuration of the SDM-2009 and is not used in the PC Controlled configuration.

NOTE: The SDM-2009 does not support connection of a computer to the front USB port, only a USB flash drive.

Accessories

AC Adapter

Single-Port AC Adapter

The single-port AC adapter is a wall plug style adapter with a 5 foot cable. The end of the cable has a plug that connects to the power jack on the SDM-2009’s back panel. The AC adapter is rated 100 - 240 VAC input, 12 VDC 1.2 A output.
4-Port AC Adapter

The 4-port AC adapter is a wall plug style adapter with four 5-foot cables. The end of each cable has a plug that connects to the power jack on the SDM-2009’s back panel. The AC adapter is rated 100 - 240 VAC input, 12 VDC 2.0 A output.

USB Cable

A Type A to Type B USB cable is provided with the docking station. It is used to connect the USB port on the back of the SDM-2009 to a computer.
Air Filter, Sample Tubing, and Check Valve

A cylindrical particle filter with a short length of tubing is supplied with the SDM-2009 for installation to the AIR fitting on the back panel. The filter keeps particulate contamination out of the docking station.

Three types of sample tubes are included with the docking station. One 3 foot length of 3/16 inch ID polyurethane tubing is provided to connect the regulator on a calibration cylinder to the GAS fitting on the back panel. One 10 foot length of 3/16 inch ID polyurethane tubing is provided for GAS fitting manifold construction (if desired). In addition, a 10 foot length of 5/16 inch ID polyurethane tubing is provided for connection to the exhaust fitting on the back panel to allow routing of the exhaust to a location such as an open window where the exhaust can disperse.

**WARNING:** Do not use an exhaust tube that is longer than 10 feet. The increased flow restriction caused by a longer tube may affect gas response and cause inaccurate calibration and bump test results.

A check valve is included with the SDM-2009. It is intended for use on the exhaust fitting when manifolding multiple docking stations together. See “Assembling a Manifold for Multiple SDM-2009 Units” on page 18 for manifolding instructions.

Two T-fittings are included with the SDM-2009. The larger fitting is for the exhaust tubing manifold construction. The smaller fitting is for the GAS tubing manifold construction.
Chapter 3: Mechanical Setup

USB Hub Requirements for Multiple Station Systems

If you have more docking stations than you have available USB ports, you will need a USB hub. RKI provides both a 4-port hub and a 7-port hub. If you have more than 7 docking stations, you will need to purchase one of each hub. Do not connect one hub to the other. Make sure that each USB hub has its own USB port on your computer. You may also purchase your own USB hub of any port number from your local electronics store but it must meet the following requirements:

- USB 2.0
- compatible with your Windows® operating system

If your USB hub has an AC adapter, it does not need to be plugged in for SDM-2009 operation.

Hardware Assembly

The hardware assembly consists of connecting the AC adapter(s), installing the air filter(s), installing the check valve(s), connecting the sample tubing and connecting the USB cable(s). The SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller software can support 1-10 SDM-2009 docking stations connected at the same time. Perform the following steps to complete the hardware assembly for each SDM-2009:

1. Place the SDM-2009(s) on a convenient table top near an AC wall socket or power strip in a well ventilated area. A location near a window that can be opened is best so that the exhaust can be routed to the window.

2. If you have more than one SDM-2009, arrange them side by side as shown in Figure 11 below. Each docking station has three connection tabs on the left side near the bottom of the station and three connection recesses on the right side near the bottom of the station. The tabs from one docking station can be pushed into the recesses on another station to mechanically connect the docking stations.

3. Insert the round plug on the end of each AC adapter’s cable into the power jack on the back of each SDM-2009.
NOTE: If you have multiple SDM-2009s and are using a 4-port AC adapter, plug each of the round plugs on the end of the AC adapter into the power jack on the back of 4 separate SDM-2009s.

4. Connect the AC adapter’s wall plug into a wall AC socket or power strip.

5. Install the air filter to the AIR fitting of each SDM-2009 so that the arrow on the filter that indicates direction of flow is pointing towards the AIR fitting. Push the open end of the flexible tube that is on one end of the filter onto the AIR fitting on the back of the SDM-2009.

6. Install the 10 foot long 5/16 inch ID flexible tube that is included with each SDM-2009 on the exhaust fitting of each SDM-2009. Route the tube to an area where the exhaust can be safely dispersed, such as an open window. Exhaust tubing from multiple units can be daisy chained together in a manifold for more convenient operation. In this case, the check valves that are provided with the docking stations need to be used. See "Assembling a Manifold for Multiple SDM-2009 Units" below for instructions.

CAUTION: The maximum recommended length for the exhaust tube is 10 feet. Do not use more than 10 feet of tubing or tubing with an ID of less than 5/16 inch for the exhaust tube or the bump test and calibration accuracy will be adversely affected. The exhaust tube that is shipped with the SDM-2009 has an ID of 5/16 inch and is 10 feet long.

7. Install the 3 foot long 3/16 inch ID tube that is included with the SDM-2009 on the GAS fitting. GAS tubing from multiple units can be daisy chained together in a manifold for more convenient operation. See "Assembling a Manifold for Multiple SDM-2009 Units" below for instructions.

8. Connect the provided USB cord from the type B USB port on the back of the SDM-2009 to an available USB port on your computer or to a USB hub that is connected to your computer. See pg. 16 for more information about USB hubs.
Assembling a Manifold for Multiple SDM-2009 Units

Up to 10 SDM-2009s can be manifolde together. The GAS fitting can be manifolde to allow the stations to draw from one calibration cylinder. The exhaust lines can also be manifolde together and be routed away from the docking stations with only one 10 foot long 5/16 inch piece of tubing.

Each SDM-2009 is shipped with exhaust tubing, GAS tubing, T-fittings in two different sizes, and a check valve.

Exhaust Tubing

Reference Figure 12 for the instructions below.

1. Cut a 1-2” piece of 5/16 inch tubing for each SDM-2009 and connect it to each unit’s exhaust fitting.

2. Connect the provided check valves to the short pieces of tubing already installed at the exhaust fittings. Be sure that the arrows that appear on the check valve are pointing away from the exhaust fitting.

3. Cut a 2-3” piece of 5/16 inch tubing for every SDM-2009 except the first one and connect it to the other end of the check valve.

4. Insert the larger T-fittings into the tubing so that the remaining two ports on the T-fitting are perpendicular to the exhaust tube and check valve.

5. For the first SDM-2009, cut a 9-10” piece of 5/16 inch tubing and connect it from the check valve on the first SDM-2009 to the closest port on the second SDM-2009’s exhaust T-fitting.

6. Use one of the provided 10 foot lengths of tubing and connect it to the T-fitting on the last SDM-2009. The maximum recommended exhaust tube length is 10 feet.

7. For the remaining SDM-2009s, cut 6-7” pieces of 5/16 inch tubing and connect the remaining T-fittings.
Figure 12: Exhaust Tubing Connections
GAS Tubing

Reference Figure 13 for the instructions below.

1. Cut a 3-4” piece of 3/16 inch tubing for each GAS fitting on every SDM-2009 except the last one.

2. Connect the tubing to the GAS fitting on every SDM-2009 except the last one.

3. Insert the smaller T-fittings into the tubing so that the remaining two ports on the T-fitting are perpendicular to the GAS fitting.

4. Cut 6-7” pieces of 3/16 inch tubing and connect the T-fittings.

5. Cut one more 6-7” piece of 3/16 inch tubing and connect the GAS fitting of the last SDM-2009 to the T-fitting from the second to last SDM-2009.

6. Cut 1 piece of 3/16 inch tubing long enough for easy access to the calibration cylinder and connect it to the T-fitting on the first SDM-2009.
Figure 13: Gas Manifold Connections
Connecting Calibration Gas

The GAS fitting on the back of the docking station is designed to be used with a calibration gas cylinder that is fitted with a demand flow regulator. The AIR fitting may be used with a demand flow regulator and a cylinder of zero emissions air, but this is not normally necessary since the docking station will generally be in a fresh air area.

The type of calibration gas cylinder used depends on the gas sensors installed in the instrument being used with the calibration station. A 4-gas mix, LEL/Oxygen/CO/H₂S, is used if the instrument being used with the calibration station is a 4-gas unit. If the instrument does not have an H₂S channel, then a 3-gas mix, LEL/Oxygen/CO, is used. Although a 4-gas cylinder will work for an instrument of any gas combination, if you have multiple instruments with various gas combinations, you may want to keep a 4-gas cylinder and a 3-gas cylinder to help preserve the charcoal filter on the CO sensor in instruments without an H₂S channel. Use Table 2 below as a guide in determining which calibration gas cylinder is appropriate for your system. See pg. 115 for a list of available cylinder part numbers.

### Table 2: Recommended Gas Cylinders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typical Instrument Types</th>
<th>Recommended Calibration Gas Cylinder(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LEL/Oxy/H₂S/CO</td>
<td>4-gas mix with CH₄/Oxy/H₂S/CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEL/Oxy/CO</td>
<td>3-gas mix with CH₄/Oxy/CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEL/Oxy/H₂S</td>
<td>4-gas mix with CH₄/Oxy/H₂S/CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEL/Oxy</td>
<td>3-gas mix with LEL/Oxy/CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxy/CO</td>
<td>3-gas mix with LEL/Oxy/CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxy/H₂S</td>
<td>4-gas mix with LEL/Oxy/H₂S/CO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To connect calibration gas to the SDM-2009, do the following:

1. If the area around the docking station is not considered a fresh air area (an area free of combustible and toxic gases and of normal oxygen content, 20.9%) install a tube not longer than 10 feet on the filter attached to the AIR fitting on the back of the docking station and route it to a fresh air area or connect a cylinder of zero air with a demand flow regulator to the AIR fitting.

2. Install the demand flow regulator on the calibration gas cylinder.

3. Connect the demand flow regulator to the GAS inlet fitting using the 3 foot length of 3/16 inch ID sample tubing provided with the docking station.
EAGLE 2 and GX Type Instrument Connection

There are 2 different versions of the Docking Station PC Controller program. The SDM-E2 Docking Station PC Controller program is intended for use with SDM-E2 docking stations and EAGLE 2 instruments. The SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller program is intended for use with GX type docking stations and GX type instruments.

Bump tests and calibrations can be performed on multiple EAGLE 2s and GX type instruments at the same time. The SDM-E2 Docking Station PC Controller program controls the EAGLE 2 functions while the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller program controls the GX type instrument functions. Both programs can be used simultaneously on your PC. Follow all instructions in the SDM-E2 Docking Station PC Controlled Configuration Operator’s Manual as well as the instructions in this manual.
Chapter 4: Computer Setup

Installing the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Software

1. Launch Windows®.
2. Exit from all applications and open windows.
4. Click on the Download tab.
5. Click the PC Controlled Software link.
6. A .zip file will begin to download. Select whether you want to open or save the .zip file.
7. Extract the contents of the .zip file.
8. Double click the setup.exe file.
9. The SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller InstallShield Wizard comes up to guide you through installation. Click Next to proceed to the License Agreement window.
10. Read the license agreement and click the agreement acceptance selection box, then click Next to proceed to the Customer Information window.
11. Enter a user name and organization and select if you want to install the program for all users on the computer or just for your user account, then click Next to proceed to the Destination Folder window.
12. The default installation folder (C:\Program Files\SDM-GX\) is displayed. If you want to install the software in the default folder continue with step 13. If you want to install the software in a different location, click Change and choose a new installation folder and then continue with step 13.
13. Click Next to proceed to the Ready to Install the Program window.
14. Review the installation settings. If they are OK, click Install and the installation process will begin. If you want to change installation settings, click Back and change them to the desired settings.
15. During software installation, the installation program may find newer versions of Windows files on your computer than those in the downloaded .zip file. If this happens, the installation software will ask you if you want to keep these newer files. Click Yes to do so.
16. A Device Driver Window will appear prompting you to install necessary drivers. You cannot continue the installation without installing the drivers.

![Device Driver Installation Wizard](image)

**Figure 14: Device Driver Installation**

17. Click **Next** to install the drivers. The Wizard will find the appropriate drivers.

18. If this is the first time you are installing a PC Controller Program, a window will appear saying that the file did not pass Windows logo testing. Click Continue Anyway.
19. Click **Finish** once the drivers are successfully installed.

![Device Driver Installation Wizard]

**Figure 15: Finish Device Driver Installation**

The installation will continue.

20. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete software installation.

21. To complete the driver installation, ensure that all of your docking stations are connected to your computer.

22. Turn on a docking station by pressing and holding the POWER button for at least 1 second.
23. The first time an SDM-2009 is turned on after being connected to the computer, a Found New Hardware window will appear.

**NOTE:** The following instructions apply only to computers running Windows XP. If you have a newer operating system, the hardware driver will automatically install and you will be notified that the USB device is ready for use.

![Found New Hardware Wizard](image)

**Figure 16: Found New Hardware Wizard**

24. Select the “Install the software automatically” option and click **Next**.
25. The wizard will search for the driver files.

![Found New Hardware Wizard](image1)

**Figure 17: Searching**

26. Once the files have been found, a window will appear saying that the file did not pass Windows logo testing. Click Continue Anyway.

![Hardware Installation](image2)

**Figure 18: Windows Logo Error**

27. The installation will continue. Click Finish when the installation has completed.

28. Repeat steps 22 through 27 for every docking station in your system.
Launching the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program

1. Click Start on the Windows Icon Tray, then select Programs/SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller. You may also double click the shortcut created on your desktop. The SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program is launched and the main program window appears.

![Main Program Window]

Figure 19: Main Program Window

2. If you are starting the software for the first time, a message window appears informing you that a database has been created. Click OK in that window.

Setting Parameters in the Configuration Window

Once the program is installed, you must set up the program for your system. Setting up the PC Controller Program consists of the following tasks:

- setting up the parameter configuration
- setting up the SDM-2009 display order
- defining which calibration gas cylinders will be used

Parameter Tab

1. Launch the program as described on pg. 29.
NOTE: It is not necessary to turn on the SDM-2009 docking stations if you are only performing configuration setup.

2. The configuration parameters are located in the Configuration Window of the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller program. To access the Configuration Window, click the Config button along the top of the main program window.

3. You will be prompted to enter a password. The factory-set, case-sensitive password is ABCDE. Enter the password and click OK. You may change the password using the Password Tab once you have entered the Configuration Window. See pg. 37 for instructions to change the password.

4. The Parameter Tab of the Configuration Window will be displayed.

Figure 20: Config Window Parameter Tab
**Instrument Information Section**

**Change Parameter**

**Selected** (factory setting): The Edit function is active in the Instrument Function Menu allowing you to change various parameters in connected instruments. See pg. 106 for a complete description of the Edit function.

**Deselected**: The Edit function is not active. Select or deselect the Change Parameter box.

**Auto Power OFF Time**

This is the length of time that will pass after the last operation is finished before the program will automatically shut off the instrument. If a successful bump test or calibration is performed, the program will automatically shut off the instrument in 20 seconds regardless of the Auto Power OFF Time setting. It is defined in seconds with a maximum setting of 3600 seconds (1 hour). The factory setting is 3600 seconds.

**Data Logger Section**

**Download Data Logger**

**Selected**: The PC Program will automatically download logged data from connected GX-2009s based on the frequency set in Down Load Interval.

**Deselected** (factory setting): Logged data is not automatically downloaded from connected GX-2009s.

**Clear After Down Load**

If Down Load Data Logger is not selected, selecting Clear After Download has no effect.

**Selected**: The PC Program automatically clears a GX-2009’s logged data at the end of an automatic data download.

**Deselected** (factory setting): The GX-2009’s data is not automatically cleared.

**Down Load Interval**

The Down Load Interval is the length of time, in days, that will pass before the PC Controller program will automatically download data from an instrument if Down Load Data Logger is selected. If the instrument is connected to the program before the interval has passed, a data download will not automatically occur. The Down Load Interval can be set anywhere from 1 to 60 days. The factory setting is 1 day.

**SDM Selection**

If you select the Initialize Display Order selection box, the PC Controller program will reset the numbers it has assigned to specific docking stations and reassign them as you turn SDM-2009 docking stations on and connect them to the program. See pg. 38 for instructions to use this feature.

**Waiting Time for Auto Process**

The Waiting Time for Auto Process parameter defines the time delay of an automatic calibration or automatic bump test after an instrument is connected to the SDM-2009. You can set the delay from 0 seconds to 3600 seconds.
**Calibration Section**

If neither **Manual Calibration** nor **Auto Calibration** is selected, you will not be able to perform a calibration. Select the box for the desired operation.

**Manual Calibration**

*Selected* (factory setting): A manual calibration can be performed by selecting an instrument or instruments in the main program window and clicking Calibration in the lower right corner of the window.

*Deselected*: A manual calibration cannot be performed.

**Auto Calibration**

**Auto Calibration** selected and **Every Time** deselected (factory setting): An automatic calibration is performed only if the instrument is due for calibration.

**Auto Calibration** selected and **Every Time** selected: An automatic calibration is performed every time an instrument is connected to the PC program regardless of whether a calibration is due or not.

**Auto Calibration** deselected (factory setting): A calibration is not automatically performed.

---

**NOTE:** When you select Auto Calibration, a window pops up indicating that only sensors tested with GAS 1 and one sensor tested with GAS 2 will be calibrated in auto calibration.

This screen does not have any meaning for the GX-2009 and is only applicable to the GX-2012 and Gas Tracer instruments.

**Standard Gas/All Gas**

This setting does not have any effect on the automatic calibration of a GX-2009.

**Interval (CX-II only)**

The Interval parameter sets the calibration interval but is only used for CX-II instruments. It does not have any effect on the SDM-GX program when used with GX-2009s.

**Bump Test Section**

If neither **Manual Bump Test** nor **Auto Bump Test** is selected, you will not be able to perform a bump test. Select the box for the desired operation.

**Manual Bump Test**

*Selected* (factory setting): A manual bump test can be performed by selecting an instrument or instruments in the main program window and clicking Bump Test in the lower right corner of the window.
**Deselected**: A manual bump test cannot be performed.

**Auto Bump Test**

**Selected**: An automatic bump test is performed only if the instrument is due for bump testing.

**Deselected** (factory setting): An automatic bump test is not performed.

---

**NOTE:** If the instrument’s Bump Test Function is set to On, the instrument’s information is used to determine if a bump test is needed.

If the instrument’s Bump Test Function is set to Off, the SDM-GX PC Program’s Bump Test Interval parameter and last successful bump test date are used to determine if a bump test is needed. If a bump test has never been done using the SDM-GX Program, an auto bump will be initiated.

---

When you select Auto Bump Test, a window pops up indicating that only sensors tested with GAS 1 and one sensor tested with GAS 2 will be bump tested in auto bump test.

This screen does not have any meaning for the GX-2009 and is only applicable to the GX-2012 and Gas Tracer instruments.

**Standard Gas/All Gas**

This setting does not have any effect on the automatic bump testing of a GX-2009.

**Fast Bump**

**Deselected**: The gas application during a bump test will continue for the time period defined by the Gas Exposure Time bump test parameter regardless of the sensor reading(s).

**Selected** (factory setting): If the gas reading for the sensor(s) being tested is above the lower tolerance and below the upper tolerance within 10 seconds, the sensor(s) pass bump testing, the gas application will be stopped, and the test will move on to the next sensor(s) or to the fresh air purge. If the gas reading on any of the tested channels is below the lower tolerance or above the upper tolerance within 10 seconds, the gas application will continue for the time period defined by the Gas Exposure Time bump test parameter, and the pass/fail status of the sensor(s) will be determined at that point. Turning Fast Bump on allows calibration gas to be saved when the tested sensors respond quickly and accurately.

Consider the following scenario as an example.

- 50% LEL methane used for bump testing the combustible gas channel
- **GAS** bump test parameter set to 20 seconds
- **Tolerance** set to ± 50% LEL, which means that the acceptable reading range is 25% LEL - 75% LEL
• **Fast** selected

The table below shows possible readings at 10 seconds and the effect on the gas application.

**Table 3: Example Fast Bump Scenarios**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas Reading 10 Seconds Into Fast Bump</th>
<th>Outcome</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15% LEL (-70% of 50% LEL)</td>
<td>• Gas application continues for the full 20 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Pass/fail determined at end of 20 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% LEL (-40% of 50% LEL)</td>
<td>• Gas application stops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sensor passes bump testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60% LEL (+20% of 50% LEL)</td>
<td>• Gas application stops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sensor passes bump testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80% LEL (+60% of 50% LEL)</td>
<td>• Gas application continues for the full 20 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Pass/fail determined at end of 20 seconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Interval**

The Interval can be set anywhere between 1 and 30 days and is the length of time that can pass before the program will prompt you to perform a bump test. The factory setting is 30 days.

**NOTE:** This parameter only affects the operation of the SDM-GX PC Program when used with GX-2009s whose Bump Test Function is set to Off. If the GX-2009’s Bump Test Function is set to On, the instrument’s bump test interval is used to determine if a bump test is due.

**Gas Exposure Time**

The Gas Exposure Time can be set to 30 (factory setting), 45, 60, 90, 120 seconds or Auto and is the length of time that gas is applied to the instrument. If you select Auto, the PC Controller program will apply gas for the appropriate amount of time based on your instrument sensor configurations.

**Tolerance**

The Tolerance can be set between 10% and 50%. The factory setting is 50%. It determines how close the instrument gas reading must be to the calibration gas concentration for each channel during a bump test in order to pass the bump test. It is defined as a percentage of the calibration gas concentration. The amount that the instrument gas reading differs from the calibration gas concentration must be equal to or less than this percentage of the calibration gas concentration. For example, if the tolerance is set to 50%, and the %LEL calibration gas concentration is 50% LEL, then the bump test gas reading for the LEL channel on the instrument must be 50 %LEL ± 25 %LEL.
Database Tab

The Database Tab allows you to view or change where the data from your SDM-2009 docking stations is saved. It also allows you to create a brand new database, import data from another database, or export saved data.

![Configuration Window Database Tab](image)

**Figure 21: Config Window Database Tab**

**Changing the Database Location**

1. Click the button to the right of the current location that has three dots on it.
2. Choose a new location where a database exists and click Open. The new database location will be displayed in the Data Location field.
3. A window will appear telling you to restart the PC Controller Program. Click OK.
4. Click OK in the Database Tab.
5. Click the Exit control button in the upper right corner of the main program window.
6. Reopen the PC Controller Program.
**Creating a New Database**

1. Click the Create button located along the left side of the Database Tab window.
2. Choose where you would like the new database to be stored and enter a name for it and click Save. The new database will be created but data will not be stored there until you change the file path as described above.

**Importing a .mdb file into the Current Database**

1. Click the Import button located along the left side of the Database Tab window.
2. Select an existing .mdb file that you wish to import. You can import a .mdb file that was created on another computer and moved to your computer, you can select a file that was generated on your computer using the Create button, or you can navigate to another network computer’s .mdb file. If you navigate to another computer’s files, the location for the default .mdb file is in the Program Files folder (ie. MannyPC:\Program Files\SDM-GX). It is named SDMLog.mdb. If you wish to import a different .mdb file, it will have a different name and may be in a different location.
3. Once you have selected a .mdb file, click Open. The program will indicate that the file is being imported. Once the import is finished, the data from the .mdb file will be added to your current data. New serial numbers/station IDs/user IDs will appear in the Data frame of the Logs Window. Instrument information associated with those new instruments will also be available in the Logs Window.

**Exporting Data to a .mdb File**

1. Select the desired units from the list on the bottom of the Database Tab.
2. Click Export. Select where you would like to save the file, and click Save. The program will indicate that it is exporting the data and will confirm that it has finished. Click OK in the window that comes up.

If you want to remove a unit’s information after it’s been exported, select Remove before selecting Export. You cannot remove a unit’s information while it’s connected to the computer so be sure to turn off the instrument before removing data.
Password Tab

The password Tab allows you to change the Configuration Window password to something other than the factory set ABCDE. It can be up to 12 characters long and contain any letter, number, or symbol. It is case sensitive.

![Configuration Window Password Tab](image)

**Figure 22: Config Window Password Tab**

To change the password:
1. Enter the new password in the top box and confirm it in the bottom. Click OK. A window will pop up asking you to confirm the change.

![Save Change Confirmation](image)

- To confirm, click Yes.
- To exit out of Configuration Window without saving the changes, click No.
- To stay in the Password Tab and enter a new password, click Cancel.
2. To cancel any changes you have made at any time, click Cancel in the main Password Tab. The program will tell you that changes will not be saved. To continue to exit, click OK. To return to the Password Tab, click Cancel.

Setting Up the SDM-2009 Display Order

Setting up the display order for your SDM-2009s ensures that the docking stations will appear in the PC Controller program in the same order that they are laid out in your calibration area.

Before performing this operation, make sure your SDM-2009s are arranged on the table top or other surface as desired and that they are connected to the computer. See pg. 16. Also be sure that you have performed the driver installations as described on pg. 24.

1. Click the Config button along the top of the screen to access the Configuration Window.

2. You will be prompted to enter a password. The factory-set, case-sensitive password is ABCDE. Enter the password and click OK. You may change the password using the Password Tab once you have entered the Configuration Window. See pg. 37 for instructions to change the password.
3. The Parameter Tab of the Configuration Window will be displayed.

4. Click the box next to Initialize Display Order in the SDM portion of the Parameter tab.

5. Click OK.

6. The program will ask if you want to save the changes. Click Yes.

7. A window will appear informing you that you need to turn off all SDMs and restart the program. Click OK.

8. Click the Exit button in the upper right corner of the main program window to exit the program.

9. Turn off all of the SDM-2009s if they are on.

10. Open the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller program again.

11. Turn on your SDM-2009s in the order that you wish for them to appear on the main program window. Typically the order in which the docking stations appear on the screen corresponds to their left to right arrangement on the tabletop.

12. Your SDM-2009 docking stations should all appear on the screen in numerical order. The program will remember each SDM-2009’s number. If fewer than all of the docking stations are turned on, the stations will still appear in numerical order on the Main Program Window, but the stations which are off will not be shown.

13. If you need to reorder the docking stations, repeat steps 1 through 12.
The Cylinders Window allows you to keep track of cylinders that are in use and the expiration date for those cylinders. If a cylinder’s expiration date has passed, the PC Controller program will alert you in the message area of the main program window as soon as the program is started. The Cylinders window comes with a list of predefined cylinders that are fairly common. If a cylinder that you need to use is not on this list, it can be added at the bottom of the cylinder list. You may add as many custom cylinders as necessary.

The Cylinders window has the cylinder list number, the cylinder name, the part number, the expiration date, and the status of the cylinder.

**Selecting a Cylinder from the Predefined List**

The Cylinders Window comes with several predefined cylinders that you can choose from.

1. To access the Cylinders Window, click the Cylinders button along the top of the main program window.
2. Click in a Name field, click on the drop down menu that appears, and select a predefined cylinder.

![Cylinders Window]

**Figure 25: Predefined List of Cylinders**

3. Set the expiration date by clicking in the Expiration field and clicking the drop down menu that appears. Use the calendar to choose an expiration date. The expiration date box will be highlighted in orange if the expiration date of the cylinder is less than 10 days away. The expiration date box will be highlighted in red if the expiration date has passed.

4. Select or deselect the Active box for each cylinder. If the cylinder is active, the PC Controller program will alert you at start up if the cylinder has passed its expiration date. If it is not active, the program will not alert you.

5. To return to the main program window without saving any changes, click Cancel in the Cylinders Window. A window will appear notifying you that changes will not be saved. To continue to the main program window, click OK. To return to the Cylinders Window to save your changes, click Cancel.

6. If you want to save any changes made, click OK. A window will appear asking if you want to save the changes you made. To return to the main program window and save your changes, click Yes. To return to the main program window without saving changes, click No. To return to the Cylinders Window, click Cancel.
Defining New Cylinders

If your instrument configuration requires the use of a cylinder that is not in the predefined list, you can add that cylinder by either typing in the information for the cylinder or by editing the information for an existing cylinder.

1. To access the Cylinders Window, click the Cylinders button along the top of the main program window.

2. Click in any blank cylinder name field and click again to bring the cursor up or use the drop down menu to select a cylinder name that is close to the one you want and click the name to bring the cursor up.

3. Type in the name of your new cylinder (i.e., gas name and concentration).

4. Click in the Part No field once to select it and once more to bring the cursor up. Type in the part number for your new cylinder (typically the RKI part number).

5. Click in the Expiration field and click on the drop down menu that appears. Use the calendar to select an expiration date. The expiration date box will be highlighted in orange if the expiration date of the cylinder is less than 10 days away. The expiration date box will be highlighted in red if the expiration date has passed.
6. Select the Active box if you want the PC Controller program to alert you when the cylinder’s expiration date has passed. If you do not want the program to alert you, leave the box deselected.

7. To enter any more cylinders, repeat step 3 through step 6.

8. To return to the main program window without saving any changes, click Cancel in the Cylinders Window. A window will appear notifying you that changes will not be saved. To continue to the main program window, click OK. To return to the Cylinders Window to save your changes, click Cancel.

9. If you want to save any changes made, click OK. A window will appear asking if you want to save the changes you made. To return to the main program window and save your changes, click Yes. To return to the main program window without saving changes, click No. To return to the Cylinders Window, click Cancel.
Connecting Instruments to the PC Controller Program

**NOTE:** Be sure to set up the display order for the SDM-2009s as described on pg. 38, before continuing.

Do the following to turn on the SDM-2009s and establish a connection with the instruments in your system:

1. If necessary, verify that the SDM-2009(s) are arranged on the work surface as desired, all plumbing is installed, and all hardware and cables are installed. See pg. 16.
2. Launch the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Software as described on pg. 29.
3. Install a GX-2009 in the instrument cradle.

**NOTE:** If the GX-2009 is left in the SDM-2009 after bump testing or calibration, the pump will run for 12 seconds every 2 minutes in order to keep hydrogen generated from charging of the NiMH batteries from affecting the CO sensor.

4. Turn on each SDM-2009 by pressing and holding the SDM-2009’s POWER button. When the control panel LEDs turn on, release the POWER button.
5. The BUMP ▼ and CAL ▲ LEDs will turn off and the COPY LED will be steadily on or off. It will be on if the SDM-2009 was used in Standalone Configuration and calibration and bump test records are still stored in the SDM-2009’s memory (see the SDM-2009 Docking Station Standalone Configuration Manual for more information). The CHARGE LED will be blinking green if the SDM-2009 is operating properly or solid red if there is a system failure.
6. When a connection has been established between the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program and all of the SDM-2009s, the main program window will appear as shown below.

![Figure 27: SDM-2009 Connection](image)

7. Press and hold the POWER MODE button on the instrument until you hear a beep, then release it. The instrument will begin its power up sequence (see exceptions below in step 8). If a successful connection between the instrument and the SDM-2009 occurs, the home screen will appear on the instrument display at the end of the startup sequence. The auto calibration values for all installed sensors will be displayed.

```
[CH4 %LEL     OXY vol%]
50               12.0
50               25.0
```

**NOTE:** The screen shown above applies to a 4-channel GX-2009. If your GX-2009 has less than 4 channels, the inactive channels will not appear in the above screen or in any screens where channels are displayed. All screens in this manual assume a 4-channel GX-2009.
8. There are two exceptions to the sequence described in step 7 above. See the GX-2009 User Setup Program Operator’s Manual for a description of the **Cal Limit Display** and **Cal Limit Check** instrument parameters.

   • When **Cal Limit Display** is set to *On* and **Cal. Limit Check** is set to *Can’t Use*, if the GX-2009 is due for calibration the instrument will show a calibration expired failure screen and the buzzer and LED arrays will pulse for a few seconds.

   ![FAIL C-LIMIT](image)

   The instrument will then connect to the SDM-2009 and display the home screen shown above in step 7. The CHARGE LED will begin to blink green.

   • When **Cal Limit Display** is set to *On* and **Cal. Limit Check** is set to *Confirm to use*, if the GX-2009 is due for calibration the unit will show the following screen and beep and flash the LED arrays for a few seconds indicating that calibration is due.

   ![CAL C--LIMIT](image)

   When the beeping and flashing stops, press and release the POWER MODE button on the GX-2009 to continue. The unit will now connect to the SDM-2009, the home screen shown in step 7 above will be displayed, and the CHARGE LED will begin to blink green.

9. For each instrument, the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller Program will indicate that an instrument was found and it will download the instrument’s parameters. The BUMP ▼ and CAL ▲ LEDs will flash amber while the data is being downloaded. Once the parameter download is complete, the BUMP ▼ and CAL ▲ LEDs will be solid amber. When all instruments have been turned on, connected, and downloaded, the main program window will appear as shown below. When the instrument is connected to the PC Controller Program, the date and time of the instrument are automatically updated to the current date and time on the PC Controller Program’s screen.
NOTE: Turn each instrument on 10-15 seconds after the previous instrument to minimize the possibility of the instrument not connecting to the PC Controller Program. If an instrument does not connect, use the instrument’s POWER MODE button to turn it off and turn it back on again.

Figure 28: Instruments Connected and Downloaded

If an instrument is due for calibration, the docking station number and instrument serial number will be highlighted in red.

If an instrument is due for calibration in the next 10 days, the docking station and instrument serial number will be highlighted in orange.

If an instrument’s parameters could not be downloaded properly, a red triangle will appear over the instrument and SDM-2009 picture.
Icon View vs. Details View

Instruments that are currently connected or have been previously connected can be viewed in either Icon View or Details View. Choose Icon or Details View by clicking the Icon or Details radio button below the control buttons. Icon View allows you to view connected instruments and previously connected instruments in an icon configuration. Connected instruments are shown as an instrument inserted in an SDM-2009 icon. Previously connected instruments are shown as instrument icons. Right clicking an instrument causes the Instrument Function Menu to appear.

Details View allows you to view connected instruments and previously connected instruments in a table format. Scrolling to the right in Details View allows you to view existing instrument parameters. For a description of these parameters and instructions to change them, see pg. 106.

![Figure 29: Main Program Window, Details View](image)

Unless otherwise noted, all following figures that show the main program window in this manual are shown in Icon View.
Printing and Exporting an Instrument List from the Main Program Window

You can print, save, or add to clipboard the instrument list in the main program window. You can only print the list if it is viewed in Details format. The list cannot be printed when viewed in Icon format.

To print the instrument list:

1. Ensure that the main program window is being viewed in Details format.

The print icon will not be active if the main program window is viewed in Icon format.

2. Click the Print icon located just below the Exit button.
3. A print confirmation screen will appear.

![Print Confirmation Screen](image)

To print the instrument list, click OK.
To cancel the print job, click Cancel.

To save the instrument list as a .csv file:
1. Click the Save icon located just below the Exit button.
2. Choose a file path and enter a file name and click Save.

![Save As Dialog](image)

To save the instrument list to the clipboard:
1. Click the Clipboard button located just below the Exit button. The serial number, model, station ID, user ID, next bump test date, next calibration date, the calibration interval, and the data logging interval time for each instrument in the main program window will be saved to the clipboard in a table format.
2. Open a spreadsheet program such as Excel or a word processing program such as Word and paste the clipboard data into it.
Automatic Bump Testing and Calibration

The PC Controller Program will automatically perform a bump test or calibration on a connected instrument if Auto Bump Test or Auto Calibration is selected in the Configuration Window and if the bump test or calibration is due. The use of these features allows the user to launch the PC Controller Program, turn on the instrument(s) and walk away. No oversight of the bump test or calibration is needed. For this reason, the calibration cylinder needs to already be in place before an instrument is connected to the program.

**NOTE:** The Standard GAS or All GAS settings in the Configuration Window do not affect the automatic testing of a GX-2009.

To automatically bump test or calibrate an instrument or instruments:

1. Be sure that Auto Bump Test or Auto Calibration are selected in the Configuration Window. See pg. 29 for instructions.
2. Verify that all of the bump test and/or calibration parameters are set correctly. See pg. 29 for instructions.
3. Verify that the appropriate calibration gas cylinder is connected to each SDM-2009 or to the manifold line.
4. Establish a connection between the SDM-2009, instrument, and the PC Controller program as described on pg. 44.
5. The bump test or calibration will begin 1 minute after the last connected instrument’s instrument information download is complete.
6. During an automatic bump test, if the bump test fails, a calibration is immediately performed.
7. If Auto Bump Test and Auto Calibration are both selected, the calibration will begin 1 minute after the bump test has finished.

Bump Testing a GX-2009

The following instructions illustrate a bump test on a 4-gas instrument. If your instrument has less than 4 channels, the screens will look slightly different. A 3-gas or 4-gas cylinder, depending on your instrument configuration, must be used to fully bump test the GX-2009 in the docking station.

The PC Controller Program is capable of performing a bump test both manually and automatically when a GX-2009 is connected to it. When a bump test is performed, the PC Controller Program performs an air adjust operation on a GX-2009 and then applies calibration gas to the instrument. The program analyzes the response results based on predefined criteria and determines if the GX-2009 passed the bump test.

The criteria that the PC Controller Program uses to determine if the GX-2009 passes a bump test, whether the Bump Test button is active, and whether or not the PC Controller Program automatically performs a bump test if it is due on a connected GX-2009 is defined in the Parameter tab of the Configuration Window. See pg. 29 for a description of the bump test configuration setup.
To manually bump test an instrument or instruments:

1. Establish a connection between the SDM-2009, GX-2009, and the PC Controller program as described on pg. 44.

2. Verify that all of the bump test parameters are set correctly. See pg. 29 for instructions.

3. Verify that an appropriate cylinder is connected to the GAS fitting of each SDM-2009 or to the GAS manifold line.

4. Select the instrument or instruments you wish to bump test and click on them to highlight them as shown below. To select multiple instruments for bump testing, hold down the Control button on the keyboard as you click them.

5. If you would like an automatic calibration to occur after a failed bump test, select the Force Calibration selection box.

6. Click the Bump test button in the lower right corner of the main program window.

Figure 31: Instrument Selection
7. You will be asked to confirm which GX-2009 channels will use GAS 1 for the bump test. The gas concentration shown next to each channel is the auto calibration value for that channel. If it does not match the gas concentration in the cylinder, change the auto calibration value for that channel. See pg. 114 for instructions. All channels in the instrument will be selected. The selections are not user adjustable. If your instrument has fewer than 4 channels, your screen will only display the active channels.

![Figure 32: Gas Cylinder Confirmation Screen](image)

Click OK. If you don’t want to proceed, click Cancel to abort the bump test.
8. You will then be asked to confirm the auto calibration values and the instruments that the calibration cylinder will be used for. Be sure the auto calibration values match the values listed on the calibration cylinder. The serial number and gas combination of all selected instruments will appear sequentially beneath the gas cylinder concentration. All channels will be bump tested using GAS 1.

![Figure 33: Gas Order Confirmation Screen](image)

9. Click OK. You will be asked if you want to bump test the instrument(s). Click OK to proceed. If you don’t want to proceed with the bump test, click Cancel to return to the main program window.
10. The pump(s) will start and the program will indicate that air is flowing. The AIR indicator on the program screen will be on and air will be applied to the instrument(s) for 15 seconds, then the PC Controller Program will perform a zero adjustment on all the channels. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be flashing amber.

If at any point during the bump test you wish to cancel the bump test, click the Cancel button in the lower right corner of the screen. The bump test will be aborted and the BUMP ▼ LED will turn solid amber.

![Figure 34: Air Flowing](image)

The PC Controller Program will analyze the zero adjustment results. If any sensors failed the zero adjustment, the bump test will be aborted for that instrument.
11. After air is applied, and if all the channels passed the zero adjustment, calibration gas will be applied. The GAS 1 indicator on the program screen will come on and calibration gas will be applied to the instrument(s) for the duration specified in the Gas Exposure Time parameter in the Configuration Window.

![Figure 35: Calibration Gas Flowing](image)

The PC Controller Program will analyze the results. If the bump test on the standard 4 sensors fails and Force Calibration is selected, a calibration will automatically begin and calibration gas will continue to flow.
12. After calibration gas is applied, the docking station will purge with fresh air for 5 seconds.

Figure 36: Fresh Air Purge
13. After the fresh air purge is complete,
   • If the bump test passes, the following window will open indicating that. The BUMP ▼ LED will be solid green. Click OK to return to the main program window. The BUMP ▼ LED will turn off.

![Image](image_url)

**Figure 37: Bump Test Passed**

The GX-2009 will automatically be shut off 20 seconds after a successful bump test.
• If the bump test fails and the Force Calibration box was not selected, the following window will open indicating which channels failed the bump test. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid red. Click OK to return to the main program window or double click the instrument information line to view the bump test results in the Logs window. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will turn off.

![Figure 38: Bump Test Failed](image)

Please check gas cylinder and all connections, then perform the Bump Test again.

OK
If the bump test fails and the Force Calibration box was selected, the SDM-2009 automatically performs a calibration immediately after the failed bump test. The results screen will indicate the results of both the bump test and calibration. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid red. The CAL ▲ LED will be solid green if the calibration passed or solid red if the calibration failed. Click OK to return to the main program window or double click an instrument information line to view the bump test or calibration results in the Logs window. The BUMP ▼ LED and CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will turn off.

**Figure 39: Bump Test Failed/Calibration Failed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Serial No</th>
<th>UserID</th>
<th>Fail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>199140001101</td>
<td>1X50160001 RN</td>
<td>BRUCE</td>
<td>CH4(100% LEL), O2(10.0vol%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please check gas cylinder and all connections, then perform the Calibration again.

OK
• If at any point during the bump test the flow rate to the instrument becomes too low, the PC Controller Program will abort the bump test and display a failed bump test screen. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid red. Click OK to return to the main program window or double click an instrument information line to view the bump test or calibration results in the Logs window. The BUMP ▼ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will turn off. Confirm all tubing connections are correct and that all lines are clear.

**Figure 40: Low Flow Bump Test Failure**

14. For all bump test result outcomes, the instruments will be displayed in the main program window in Details View. To return the main program window to Icons View, click the Icons radio button.

15. All bump test results can be viewed in the Logs window. See pg. 100 for instructions for viewing bump test data.

   If the bump test function in the GX-2009 is turned off or if the GX-2009 does not have the bump test capability, the bump test results will only be stored in the Logs window of the PC Controller Program. If the bump test function is turned on the in GX-2009, the bump test results will also be stored in the GX-2009.
Calibrating a GX-2009

The following instructions illustrate a calibration on a 4-gas instrument. If your instrument has less than 4 channels, the screens will look slightly different. A 3-gas or 4-gas cylinder, depending on your instrument configuration, must be used to fully calibrate the GX-2009 in the docking station.

The PC Controller Program is capable of performing a calibration both manually and automatically on a GX-2009. When a calibration is performed, the PC Controller Program performs an air adjust operation on a GX-2009 and then applies calibration gas to the GX-2009. The PC Controller Program analyzes the calibration results and determines if the GX-2009 passed the calibration.

To manually calibrate an instrument or instruments:

1. Establish a connection between the SDM-2009, GX-2009, and the PC Controller program as described on pg. 44.
2. Verify that all of the calibration parameters are set correctly. See pg. 29 for instructions.
3. Verify that an appropriate cylinder is connected to the GAS fitting of each SDM-2009 or to the GAS manifold line.
4. Select the instrument or instruments you wish to calibrate and click on them to highlight them as shown below. To select more than one instrument for calibration, hold down the Control button on the keyboard as you click them.
5. Click the Calibration button in the lower right corner of the main program window.

6. You will be asked to confirm which GX-2009 channels will use GAS 1 for the calibration. The gas concentration shown next to each channel is the auto calibration value for that channel. If it does not match the gas concentration in the cylinder, change the auto calibration value for that channel. See pg. 114 for instructions. All channels in the instrument will be selected. The selections are not user adjustable. If your instrument has fewer than 4 channels, your screen will only display the active channels.

![GAS1 Selection](image)

**Figure 41: Instrument Selection**

Click OK. If you don’t want to proceed, click Cancel to abort the calibration.
7. You will then be asked to confirm the auto calibration values and the instruments that the calibration cylinder will be used for. Be sure the auto calibration values match the values listed on the calibration cylinder. The serial number and gas combination of all selected instruments will appear sequentially beneath the gas cylinder concentration. All channels will be calibrated using GAS 1.

![Gas order confirmation screen](image)

**Figure 43: Gas Order Confirmation Screen**

8. Click OK. You will be asked if you want to calibrate the instrument(s). Click OK to proceed. If you don’t want to proceed with the calibration, click Cancel to return to the main program window.
9. The pump(s) will start and the program will indicate that air is flowing. The CAL ▲ LED will begin to flash amber. Air will be applied to the instrument(s) for 15 seconds, then the PC Controller Program will perform a zero adjustment on all the channels.

If at any point during the calibration you wish to cancel the calibration, click the Cancel button in the lower right corner of the screen. The calibration will be aborted and the CAL ▲ LED will turn solid amber.

![Figure 44: Air Flowing](image)

The PC Controller Program will analyze the zero adjustment results. If any sensors failed the zero adjustment, the calibration will be aborted for that instrument.
10. After air is applied, and if all the channels passed the zero adjustment, calibration gas will be applied. The GAS 1 indicator on the program screen will come on. Calibration gas will be applied to the instrument(s) for 90 seconds.

Figure 45: Calibration Gas Flowing

The PC Controller Program will analyze the results.
11. After calibration gas is applied, the docking station will purge with fresh air for 5 seconds.

Figure 46: Fresh Air Purge
12. After the fresh air purge is complete,

- If the calibration passes, the following window will open indicating that. The CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid green. Click OK to return to the main program window. The CAL ▲ LED will turn off.

![Figure 47: Calibration Passed](image)

The GX-2009 will automatically be shut off 20 seconds after a successful calibration.
If the calibration fails, the following window will open indicating which channels failed to calibrate. The CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid red. Click OK to return to the main program window or double click the instrument information line to view the calibration results in the Logs window. The CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will turn off.

Figure 48: Calibration Failed
• If at any point during the calibration the flow rate to the instrument becomes too low, the PC Controller will abort the calibration and display a failed calibration screen. The CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will be solid red. Click OK to return to the main program window or double click the instrument information line to view the calibration results in the Logs window. The CAL ▲ LED on the SDM-2009 control panel will turn off. Confirm all tubing connections are correct and that all lines are clear.

Figure 49: Low Flow Calibration Failure

13. For both calibration result outcomes, the instrument(s) will be displayed in the main program window in Details View. To return to Icons View, click the Icons radio button.

14. When a calibration is performed, any bump test or calibration data that is being stored in the instrument will be downloaded to the PC Controller Program. This data can be viewed in the Logs window along with the results of the calibration just performed. See “Bump Test Data” on page 100 or “Calibration Data” on page 85 for instructions for viewing bump test or calibration data.

The calibration results will also be stored in the GX-2009.
Power Off Function

This function can be activated by either right clicking an instrument and selecting Power Off(P) when the pull down menu appears or by selecting an instrument and then using the alt/P key combination. The Power Off function turns off the selected instrument. If you select Power Off, a confirmation box appears. Click OK to turn off the selected unit.
**NOTE:** This troubleshooting guide describes SDM-2009 problems only. See the GX-2009 Operator’s Manual for problems you may encounter with the GX-2009.

### Table 4: Troubleshooting the SDM-2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Probable Causes</th>
<th>Recommended Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Fresh air adjustment fails | • The SDM-2009 is not in a fresh air environment or the cylinder being used is not a zero air cylinder.  
• If a zero air cylinder is used, the calibration cylinder is out of gas.  
• If a zero air cylinder is used, the tubing from the regulator to the AIR fitting is not connected. | 1. Confirm that the SDM-2009 is in a fresh air environment or that a zero air cylinder is attached to the AIR fitting.  
2. If a zero air cylinder is used, verify that it contains an adequate supply of test sample.  
3. If a zero air cylinder is used, check all calibration tubing for leaks or for any bad connections.  
4. If the fail condition continues, replace the sensor(s) in the instrument.  
5. If the difficulties continue, contact RKI Instruments, Inc. for further instruction. |
| • Calibration fails       | • The auto calibration values do not match the cylinder gas concentrations.  
• The calibration cylinder is out of gas or is outdated.  
• The calibration cylinder is not connected to the GAS fitting.  
• The GX-2009 is not properly inserted in the instrument cradle.  
• The tubing from the regulator to the GAS fitting or manifold is not connected. | 1. Confirm that the auto calibration values match the concentrations listed on the gas cylinder.  
2. Verify that the calibration cylinder contains an adequate supply of fresh test sample.  
3. Verify that the calibration cylinder is connected to the GAS fitting.  
4. Check to make sure the GX-2009 is properly inserted in the instrument cradle.  
5. Check all calibration tubing for leaks or for any bad connections.  
6. If the fail condition continues, replace the sensor(s) in the instrument.  
7. If the difficulties continue, contact RKI Instruments, Inc. for further instruction. |
Charging an Instrument in an SDM-2009

The SDM-2009 can be used to charge the rechargeable batteries in a GX-2009. To maximize the instrument’s run time and battery life, make sure the batteries’ charge is as low as possible before recharging them. You can use the GX-2009’s REFRESH function to discharge the batteries. See the GX-2009 Operator’s Manual for a complete description of the REFRESH button.

Recharging the Batteries After Performing a Bump Test or Calibration

To recharge the batteries after performing a bump test or calibration:

1. Perform a bump test or calibration on an instrument as described in “Bump Testing a GX-2009” on page 51, “Calibrating a GX-2009” on page 62.

2. After the bump test or calibration has been completed, turn off the instrument(s) by selecting the instrument(s), right clicking on them, and selecting Power Off. The docking station will automatically turn off the instrument(s) 20 seconds after a successful bump test or calibration or if there is no activity for the time period defined by Auto Power OFF Time in the Configuration Window.
3. While the instrument is on, the CHARGE LED will be blinking green. When the instrument is turned off, the CHARGE LED will blink amber. The BUMP ▼ and/or CAL ▲ LED will continue to be either green or red depending on the result of the previous bump test or calibration. If the bump test or calibration was cancelled, the BUMP ▼ or CAL ▲ LED will be solid amber.

**NOTE:** The SDM-2009 does not start charging the batteries until the instrument is off. While the instrument is on, the CHARGE LED will blink green. Once the instrument is shut off, the CHARGE LED will begin to blink amber.

4. If the batteries are fully charged, then the CHARGE LED will turn solid green in a few minutes.
   
   If the batteries are drained enough for the docking station to charge them, the CHARGE LED will continue to blink amber while charging is taking place. The SDM-2009 will take approximately 3 hours to charge fully discharged batteries.
   
   If the charging process encounters a fail condition, the CHARGE LED will turn steadily red.

**NOTE:** If the GX-2009 is left in the SDM-2009 after bump testing or calibration, the pump will run for 12 seconds every 2 minutes in order to keep hydrogen generated from charging of the NiMH batteries from affecting the CO sensor.

5. When the charge is complete, the CHARGE status LED will turn solid green.

**Recharging the Batteries Without Performing Any Operations**

To recharge the batteries in an instrument without performing any other operations:

1. Confirm that the AC adapter is connected to the back panel of the SDM-2009 and to an AC wall socket.

2. Insert the instrument into the instrument cradle.

3. Press and hold the SDM-2009’s POWER button. The LEDs will turn amber.

4. When the BUMP ▼ and CAL ▲ LEDs turn off, release the POWER button.

5. The CHARGE LED will be blinking amber.

6. If the batteries are fully charged, then the blinking amber LED will turn solid green in a few minutes.
   
   If the batteries are drained enough for the SDM-2009 to charge them, the CHARGE LED will continue to blink amber while charging is taking place. The SDM-2009 will take approximately 3 hours to charge a fully discharged GX-2009.
   
   If the charging process encounters a fail condition, the CHARGE LED will turn steadily red.

7. When the charge is complete, the CHARGE status LED will turn solid green.
Batteries Too Drained for PC Controlled Operation

If the NiMH batteries do not have enough power to keep the instrument on, it will go into a 5 minute charge cycle and the following screen will be displayed on the instrument screen.

04.59

CHARGING

It will not connect to the docking station. The instrument cannot be bump tested or calibrated in the charge cycle. Once the 5 minute charge cycle has ended, the unit will automatically turn back on and connect to the docking station. The unit can now be bump tested or calibrated.
Chapter 7: Managing Log Data

Download Function

This function can be activated by either right clicking an instrument and selecting Download(D) when the pull down menu appears or by selecting an instrument and then using the alt/D key combination. The Download function downloads all logged data and calibration information from the instrument. If you select Download(D), a confirmation box appears. Click the OK button to proceed with downloading from the instrument.

Clear Logs Function

This function can be activated by either right clicking an instrument and selecting Clear Logs(C) when the pull down menu appears or by selecting an instrument and then using the alt/C key combination. The Clear Logs function clears all logged data and calibration files from an instrument. If you select Clear Logs(C), a confirmation box appears. Click the OK button to proceed with clearing all the data from the instrument. The message window will indicate that the data is being cleared. When the data has been cleared, the message window will indicate this.

Logs Window Overview

The Logs Window contains saved data from instruments in addition to records of bump tests and calibrations performed with the PC Controller Program. If you perform a complete download by right clicking a selected instrument and clicking Download, the Logs Window will contain alarm trend data, calibration data, event data, interval trend data, memo data, and bump test data. If you do not perform a complete download or select Down Load Data Logger in the Configuration Window, the Logs Window will only have memo files and files for any bump tests or calibrations completed while the instrument was connected to the PC Controller Program.

The Logs Window is divided into four frames. The upper left frame is the Data Frame and displays all the data folders. If no data has been saved, then no folders will appear in the Data Frame.

The upper right frame shows the contents of a data folder that is selected in the Data Frame. The lower right frame shows the summary information for a data file that is selected in the upper right frame.
The lower left frame contains three selection boxes for organizing data. When viewing the data, it can be organized in two ways:

1. Base View Format
   If you do not select Serial No, Station ID, or User ID, the Base view box appears next to the selection boxes. The data can be organized by either data type or by the year and month of the saved data.

   ![Figure 50: Logs Window in Base View Format, Date]

   To view data in the Date Base View Format:
   a. Select Date in the Base view box.
   b. Click the expanded view symbol (+) next to a date folder in the Data frame of the Logs window or double click the folder to view the contents below it.
   c. Single click on the data type folder (Alarm, Calibration, etc.). All of the files in that data type folder will appear in the upper right frame of the Logs window.
   d. If an item is expanded and you want to close it, click the (-) symbol next to the item or double click it.
To view data in the Type Base View Format:

a. Select Type in the Base view box.

b. Click the expanded view symbol (+) next to a data type folder (Alarm, Calibration, etc.) in the Data frame of the Logs window or double click the folder to view the contents below it.

c. Single click on a date folder. The dates are displayed in year/month format. All of the files in that date folder will appear in the upper right frame of the Logs window.

d. If an item is expanded and you want to close it, click the (-) symbol next to the item or double click it.
2. ID View Format

The data may be organized by one or more of the following parameters:

- Serial Number
- Station ID
- User ID

If any of these boxes are selected, the Base view box disappears. Click the selection box or boxes in the lower left frame to organize the data as desired.

![Logs Window in ID View Format](image)

**Figure 52: Logs Window in ID View Format**

To view data in the ID View Format:

a. Select one or more of the ID view choices, Serial No., Station ID, or User ID.

b. Click the expanded view symbol (+) next to an ID folder (Serial No., Station ID, or User ID) in the Data frame of the Logs window or double click the folder to view the contents below it.

c. Click the expanded view symbol (+) next to the data type folder (Alarm, Calibration, etc.) you wish to view or double click the folder to view the contents below it.
d. Single click on a date folder. The dates are displayed in year/month format. All of the files in that date folder will appear in the upper right frame of the Logs window.

e. If an item is expanded and you want to close it, click the (-) symbol next to the item or double click it.

When viewing data by Serial No., no two instruments should have the same serial number. However, if two instruments do have the same serial number and have data for the same year/month, they will be distinguished by their different Station ID or User ID. When viewing data by Station ID or by User ID, if two instruments have the same Station ID and/or User ID and have data for the same year/month, they will be distinguished by their different serial numbers.

NOTE: In the examples that follow, the data will be shown organized by serial number. If you do not select any of the organization boxes or select the Station ID or User ID boxes instead of or in addition to the Serial No. box, your Logs Window will look slightly different.

### Alarm Trend Data

The instrument saves files that describe the most recent gas alarm events. If a gas alarm event occurs, then an alarm trend file that is centered around the event is saved. It shows the readings up to 30 minutes before and 30 minutes after the event, with the log interval time every 5 seconds. The readings that are saved are the peak (minimum for oxygen) readings for the previous 5 seconds. If the instrument has not been on for 30 minutes before the alarm event occurs, the data during this time is left blank. If the instrument is turned off less than 30 minutes after an alarm event occurs, the data file will only have logged data until the unit was turned off.

The instrument saves up to 8 alarm trend files. When an alarm event triggers an alarm trend file to be saved, subsequent alarm events must occur 15 minutes after the previous triggering event in order to trigger the saving of another alarm trend file. If 8 alarm trend files are already saved in the instrument’s memory, the oldest alarm trend file is overwritten when a new alarm trend file is saved.

Alarm trend data is downloaded from an instrument when a complete download is performed. To view and perform desired operations with the alarm trend files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.

2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Alarm folder to view the contents. Alarm trend data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All alarm trend data files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time, and sample count of the alarm trend file appear in the same line.

Figure 53: Viewing Alarm Trend Files
4. Click a file to see the instrument information, gas readings at the time of the event, and the alarm setpoints in the lower right frame.

![Figure 54: Alarm Trend Data](image)

Figure 54: Alarm Trend Data
5. To view the alarm trend data, double click the desired file.

Figure 55: Alarm Trend Data

Each data point will be displayed in the left half of the screen along with the peak readings (minimum for oxygen) over the previous 5 seconds. A graph of the data will appear on the right half of the screen.

To change the layout of the table and chart in relation to each other, click any of the four layout control buttons in the upper left corner of the screen.

To change the proportions of the table to the graph, click the divider between the two and move it.

To display instrument information along with the data table and graph, click the “i” control button in the upper left corner.

6. In the table part of the screen,
   • The gas readings at the time of the alarm event around which the logged data is centered are highlighted in red and are the instantaneous readings at that time.
7. In the graph part of the screen,
   
   - You can choose which gas(es) you want to graph by selecting or deselecting the boxes next to each gas name.
   - To zoom in on a particular part of the graph, drag a box around that area so that it is highlighted in gray. The graph will zoom in. To return to a previous zoom, click the Previous control button in the upper right corner of the graph section. To return to the original zoom, click the Restore control button in the upper right corner of the graph section.
   - A vertical red line appears on the graph at the point that created the alarm trend file. Clicking anywhere on the graph will move that red line and highlight that data point in the table. Clicking a data point in the table will move the red line in the graph to that data point.

8. To print the data, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the **Print** control button in the upper right corner of the window. The **Print** control button has a printer icon on it. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK. If Graph is selected, the data will print as a graph. If List is selected, the data will print as a table.

9. To save the data to a file which can be imported into another program, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the **Save to File** control button. The **Save to File** control button has a floppy disk icon on it. A dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name, file location, and file type.

![Figure 56: Save As Dialog Box](image-url)
If List is selected, the file type is “.csv” (comma-separated values). If Graph is selected, the file type is “.bmp” (Windows bitmap). After specifying the file name and file location, click Save to save the file to the specified location.

10. To save the data to the clipboard, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the **Copy to Clipboard** control button. The **Copy to Clipboard** control button has a clipboard icon on it. The table or graph will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.

11. To go back and view other data, click Close to return to the Logs window.

### Calibration Data

The instrument is capable of saving calibration information for up to the 100 most recent calibrations and bump tests combined. When the maximum number of calibration files is reached, the oldest calibration file is overwritten when a new one is saved. When an instrument is connected to the PC Controller Program and a complete download occurs, the calibration files are retrieved and stored by the program. In addition, all calibrations performed by the PC Controller Program are stored by the program. To view and perform desired operations with the calibration files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.

2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Calibration folder to view the contents. Calibration data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All calibration data files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time, and result of the calibration appear in the same line. If calibrations were performed prior to connecting the instrument with the SDM-GX Docking Station PC Controller software, data for those calibrations will not appear until a complete download is performed.

Figure 57: Viewing Calibration Log Files
4. Click one of the calibration data files. The fields in the bottom right frame will fill in. The instrument information will be displayed along with the calibration information. The tested sensors will be displayed along with the final gas concentration, the calibration gas values, and the result of the calibration. A **Certificate** button will also appear along the right side of the screen. This button is only active if the selected calibration passed.

![Image of Calibration Data](image)

**Figure 58: Viewing Calibration Data**

5. Files that record a failed calibration on all channels are highlighted in red. Files that record a calibration where not all channels passed are highlighted in orange.

6. To print the calibration data (everything in the lower right frame of the screen), click the **Print** control button located just above the calibration judge column. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

7. To print the basic calibration results from a date folder (everything in the upper right frame), be sure that the desired date folder is selected and click the **Print** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

8. To print detailed calibration data for each calibration file in a date folder, be sure that the desired date folder is selected and click the **Bump Test & Calibration Report** control button along the top of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.
9. To print detailed calibration and bump test data (if available) for each calibration and bump test file for a specific serial number, be sure that the desired serial number is selected in the upper left frame and click the **Bump Test & Calibration Report** control button along the top of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

10. To save calibration data from a specific date folder, be sure the desired date folder is highlighted and click the **Save** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A “Save As” dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name and file location.

![Save As Dialog Box](Image)

**Figure 59: Save As Dialog Box**

The file type will be “.csv” (comma separated value). Specify the file name and location and click Save.

11. To copy calibration data in a date folder to the clipboard, be sure the desired date folder is selected and click the **Save to Clipboard** control button. The data will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.
12. To view or print a calibration certificate for a passed calibration, click the **Certificate** button along the right side of the window. The calibration certificate will appear.

![Figure 60: Calibration Certificate](image)

The calibration date, instrument information, and calibration gas concentration information will be displayed. Laboratory name, laboratory address, standard or regulation used, traceability, environmental conditions, observations, and executor fields are all available for user-entered information. If you would like to enter information into any of these fields, click in the field, and type in the desired information.

Use the **English** and **Portuguese** selection dots in the Language section at the top of the screen to choose the language you want the information displayed in.

Use the **Left** and **Center** selection dots in the Align section at the top of the certificate to change the alignment of the information that’s manually typed in.

To print a certificate, enter the desired information and click the **Print** button in the top right corner of the screen. Printing the certificate saves any information that was added to the open
Event Data

The instrument saves the 100 most recent alarm events and the 100 most recent trouble events. When an instrument is connected to the PC Controller Program and a complete download is performed, the alarm and trouble event files are retrieved and saved in the program.

Alarm event files save the time, instrument channel, gas, and alarm type of every gas alarm event that occurs on a particular instrument. Warning (low alarm), Alarm (high alarm), STEL, TWA, and overscale events are saved.

Trouble event files note the time, instrument channel, whether the event is an instrument system failure or sensor failure, and the specific type of failure. Calibration failures, dead battery alarms, and sensor failures are among the trouble events that are saved.

Even though two types of files are saved, the PC Controller Program does not distinguish between the two and shows them together and with the same lightning bolt symbol. To view and perform desired operations with the event files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.
2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Event folder to view the contents. Event data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All event data files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time, channel number, sensor, and event type appear in the same line.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Serial No.</th>
<th>Station ID</th>
<th>User ID</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Date/Time</th>
<th>Channel</th>
<th>Sensor</th>
<th>Event Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0001</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CH4(100%LEL) Fail(Sen.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0002</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CO(500ppm) Fail(Sen.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0003</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CO(500ppm) WARNING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0004</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>OXY(40.0vol%) WARNING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0005</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CH4(100%LEL) WARNING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0006</td>
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<td>GX-2009</td>
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<td>OXY(40.0vol%) WARNING</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>0008</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>CO(500ppm) WARNING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0009</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CH4(100%LEL) WARNING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0010</td>
<td>226170699</td>
<td>RIG</td>
<td>KIMBERLY</td>
<td>GX-2009</td>
<td>8/21/2012 12:46:20 PM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CH4(100%LEL) ALARM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 61: Viewing Event Data
4. To print event data from a date folder, be sure the desired date folder is selected and click the **Print** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

5. To save event data from a date folder, be sure the desired date folder is selected and click the **Save** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A “Save As” dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name and file location.

![Save As Dialog Box](image)

The file type will be a “.csv” (comma separated value).

Specify the file name and location and click Save.

6. To copy event data from a date folder to the clipboard, be sure the desired date folder is selected and click the **Save to Clipboard** control button. The data will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.
Interval Trend Data

Average gas concentrations over the user-defined interval trend time are logged in the interval trend data files. The interval trend time is set using either the Data Log Interval menu item in the Edit Function Screen, the GX-2009 Data Logger Management Program, or the GX-2009 User Setup Program. See pg. 106, the GX-2009 Data Logger Management Program Operator’s Manual, or the GX-2009 User Setup Program Operator’s Manual for instructions to set the interval trend time. Events such as gas alarms or sensor failures are saved in the interval trend data file when they occur.

An interval trend data file is created and saved in the instrument when the instrument is turned off. The serial number, user ID, and station ID that are entered in the instrument when it is turned on are saved for the corresponding interval trend file. If the instrument’s serial number, user ID, or station ID are changed using the GX-2009 User Setup Program, any interval trend files that result from subsequent operating sessions will have the new serial number, user ID, or station ID saved in them.

The data may be viewed in both table format and graph format if at least 5 scheduled data points have been logged at the programmed interval trend time. This does not include events. If an interval data file has fewer than five scheduled data points, the graph controls are not functional and the data is shown only in table format.

Interval trend data will not appear unless a complete download is performed. To view and perform desired operations with the interval trend files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.
2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Interval folder to view the contents. Interval data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All interval trend data files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time, and sample count of the interval trend appear in the same line.

Figure 63: Viewing Interval Trend Files
4. Click one of the interval trend data files. The fields in the bottom right frame will fill in. The instrument information will be displayed along with the average, minimum, and maximum gas readings for the operating session. Also displayed are the minimum date, the maximum date, and the warning, alarm, STEL, and TWA setpoints.

![Figure 64: Interval Trend Data](image-url)
5. To view the interval trend data, double click the desired file.

In table format on the left half of the screen, the interval trend data is shown as the average gas readings over the user defined interval trend time. So if the data logging session started at 4:13:38 PM and the interval time is set to 1 minute, then the readings logged at 4:14:38 PM are the average reading for each channel over that one minute period. If a channel went into Warning or Alarm, it will be indicated. A graph of the data will appear on the right half of the screen.

Events are displayed on the screen under the channel in which they occur and with the time of the event. Events are displayed whether they occurred at scheduled log times or in between them. Events include gas alarms such as a warning condition, trouble conditions such as a sensor failure, and an indication that the unit is returning to “normal” condition after an alarm has been reset using the POWER MODE button on the instrument.

To change the layout of the table and chart, click any of the four layout control buttons in the upper left corner of the screen.

To change the proportions of the table to the graph, click the divider between the two and move it.
To display instrument information along with the data and graph, click the “i” control button in the upper left corner.

6. In the table part of the screen,
   • To view only events in the interval trend data file, click the Only Event selection box.

7. In the graph part of the screen,
   • You can choose which gas(es) you want to graph by selecting or deselecting the boxes next to each gas name.
   • Click the Event box to show event data on the graph. Small indications will appear at the top of the graph to show when an event occurred.
   • To zoom in on a particular part of the graph, drag a box around that area so that it is highlighted in gray. The graph will zoom in. To return to a previous zoom, click the Previous control button in the upper right corner of the graph section. To return to the original zoom, click the Restore control button in the upper right corner of the graph section.
   • Clicking anywhere on the graph will cause a vertical red line to appear and the corresponding data point will be highlighted in the table. Clicking a data point in the table will move the red line in the graph to that data point.

8. To print the data, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the Print control button in the upper right corner of the window. The Print control button has a printer icon on it. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK. If Graph is selected, the data will print as a graph. If List is selected, the data will print as a table.
9. To save the data to a file which can be imported into another program, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the **Save to File** control button. The **Save to File** control button has a floppy disk icon on it. A dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name, file location, and file type.

![Figure 66: Save As Dialog Box](image)

If List is selected, the file type is ".csv" (comma-separated values). If Graph is selected, the file type is ".bmp" (Windows bitmap). After specifying the file name and file location, click Save to save the file to the specified location.

10. To save the data to the clipboard, select either List or Graph in the upper right corner of the window and then click the **Copy to Clipboard** control button. The **Copy to Clipboard** control button has a clipboard icon on it. The table or graph will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.

11. To go back and view other data, click Close to return to the Logs window.
Memo Data

Any information entered into the Memo field in the Edit window is saved in a file in the Logs window. If there is text in the Memo field, a new file is created every time an instrument is connected to the PC Controller Program. If a change is made to the Memo, the change is saved in the Memo file for that operating session. See pg. 107 for instructions to use the Memo field. To view and perform desired operations with the memo files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.
2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Memo folder to view the contents. Memo data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All memo files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time, and the first few words of the memo appear in the same line.

Figure 67: Viewing Memo Files
4. Click on one of the memo files. The fields in the bottom right screen will fill in. The instrument information will be displayed along with the memo information.

5. To print memo data, click the **Print** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.
6. To save memo data, click the **Save** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A “Save As” dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name and file location.

   ![Save As Dialog Box](image)

   **Figure 69: Save As Dialog Box**

   The file type will be “.csv” (comma separated value).
   Specify the file name and location and click Save.

7. To copy memo data to the clipboard, click the **Save to Clipboard** control button. The data will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.

### Bump Test Data

The instrument is capable of saving bump test information for up to the 100 most recent calibrations and bump tests combined. When an instrument is connected to the PC Controller Program and a complete download occurs, the bump test files are retrieved and stored by the program. In addition, all bump tests performed by the PC Controller Program are stored by the program. To view and perform desired operations with the bump test files:

1. While in the Logs window, find your instrument by serial number, then click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the serial number folder to view the contents.

2. Click the expanded view symbol (+) of or double-click the Bump Test folder to view the contents. Bump test data folders are arranged by year/month.
3. Click the year/month folder you wish to view. All bump test data files for that instrument in that particular year/month will appear in the upper right frame. The file number, serial number, station ID, user ID, model, date/time of the bump test, and the results appear in the same line.

Figure 70: Viewing Bump Test Log Files
4. Click on one of the bump test data files. The fields in the bottom right frame will fill in. The instrument information will be displayed along with the bump test information. The tested sensors will be displayed along with the bump test gas reading, the bump test gas values, and the result of the bump test.

![Figure 71: Viewing Bump Test Data](image)

5. Files that record a failed bump test on all channels are highlighted in red. Files that record a bump test where not all channels passed are highlighted in orange.

6. To print the bump test data (everything in the lower right frame of the screen), click the **Print** control button located just above the bump test judge column. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

7. To print the basic bump test results from a date folder (everything in the upper right frame), be sure that the desired date folder is selected and click the **Print** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

8. To print detailed bump test data for each bump test file in a date folder, be sure that the desired date folder is selected and click the **Bump Test & Calibration Report** control button along the top of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.
9. To print detailed calibration (if available) and bump test data for each calibration and bump test file for a specific serial number, be sure that the desired serial number is selected in the upper left frame and click the **Bump Test & Calibration Report** control button along the top of the Logs window. A dialog box will appear confirming if you want to print. Click OK.

10. To save bump test data from a specific date folder, be sure the desired date folder is highlighted and click the **Save** control button in the upper left corner of the Logs window. A “Save As” dialog box will appear for you to specify the file name and file location.

![Save As Dialog Box](image)

**Figure 72: Save As Dialog Box**

The file type will be “.csv” (comma separated value). Specify the file name and location and click Save.

11. To copy bump test data in a date folder to the clipboard, be sure the desired date folder is selected and click the **Save to Clipboard** control button. The data will be saved to the clipboard. It can then be pasted into a document by using the Paste command in an application.
Deleting Data in the Logs Window

Data can be deleted from the Logs window by right clicking on the folder or file you wish to delete. Any file or folder except for Memo data may be deleted.

1. Right click on the folder or file you wish to delete and click Delete.
2. You will be prompted for a password. The factory set password is ABCDE. It is case sensitive. After you have entered the password, click OK.
3. To delete the folder or file, click OK in the confirmation window that comes up. If you do not want to delete the data, click Cancel.
Chapter 8: Viewing and Changing GX-2009 Parameters

Figure 74: Instrument Function Menu
Open Function

This function can be activated by either right clicking an instrument and selecting Open(O) when the pull down menu appears or by selecting an instrument and then using the alt/O key combination. The Open function brings up the Instrument Information window for viewing only. No changes can be made with the Open function. The Instrument Information Window consists of the Parameter Tab and the Sensor Tab. For further explanation of each tab, see the next section.

Figure 75: Instrument Information Window, Parameter Tab

To exit the Instrument Information Window and return to the main program window, click Cancel.

Edit Function

This function can be activated by either right clicking an instrument and selecting Edit(E) when the pull down menu appears or by selecting an instrument and then using the alt/E key combination.

NOTE: The Edit function is not active and cannot be selected if the Change Parameter selection box in the Instrument Information section of the Parameter Tab in the Configuration Window is not selected.
Parameter Tab

The Parameter Tab is selected when the Edit function is opened. This tab allows you to view and change various instrument parameters and settings and has information in two sub tabs: the Option 1 Tab and the Option 2 Tab.

NOTE: Instruments that do not have the bump test function capability will only have the Option 1 sub tab shown in the Parameter Tab. See pg. 8 for more information.

Figure 76: Parameter Tab
NOTE: The following parameters are instrument parameters, not PC Controller Program parameters, and with the exception of Calibration Interval do not affect the operation of the PC Controller Program. Since the PC Controller Program uses the Calibration Interval setting retrieved from the instrument to determine if a calibration is due, changing this setting will affect the program’s operation.

Main Part of Tab

Table 5: Parameter Tab, Main Parameters

| Serial No. | To change the current instrument serial number, place the cursor in the Serial No. field and enter the desired serial number. If you change the serial number, once you upload the changes to the instrument and return to the main program window, the PC Program will indicate that the instrument with the old serial number was disconnected. An instrument with the new serial number will then connect to the PC Program. |
Table 5: Parameter Tab, Main Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Station ID</td>
<td>To change the station ID, place the cursor in the Station ID field and enter the desired station ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>To change the user ID, place the cursor in the User ID field and enter the desired user ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cal Interval (Day)</td>
<td>The calibration interval is the length of time between scheduled calibrations. To change the calibration interval, use the arrows to the right of the current value to increase or decrease the interval. You may also highlight the current setting and type in the new desired setting. It can be set anywhere between 1 and 365 days. The factory setting is 90 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval Time (sec)</td>
<td>The interval time is how often the instrument will log interval trend readings. It can be set to 5, 10, 20, 30 (factory setting), 60, 180, 300, or 600 seconds. To change the interval time, use the arrows to the right of the current value to increase or decrease it. You may also highlight the current setting and type in the new desired setting. The value that you type in must match the allowable interval settings. If it does not, when you save your changes, your entered value will be shifted to the closest match. For example, if you enter 90 seconds, when you save the changes, the interval will adjust itself to 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memo</td>
<td>The Memo section of the Parameter Tab allows the user to enter remarks for an instrument that is connected to the program. The Memo may be used to document anything of interest, such as maintenance records (noting when a sensor or a battery pack was changed). The Memo section is empty until the user enters information. The first time information is entered, a Memo file is created in the Logs window. If the Memo is changed in the same operating session, that Memo file is updated. When the instrument is disconnected from the PC Program and connected again, a new Memo file is created with the current memo. If you edit the memo field in that operating session, the new Memo file is updated. If you clear the Memo field for an instrument, the Memo file that was created when the instrument was connected to the PC Program will be deleted since it is now empty. All memos from previous operating sessions will always be available in the Logs window. They cannot be deleted.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Option 1 Sub Tab

![Parameter Tab, Option 1]

Figure 78: Parameter Tab, Option 1

The adjustable instrument parameters in the Option 1 Tab are:

Table 6: Parameter Tab, Option 1 Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OXY Alarm Pattern</th>
<th>Falling and Rising (factory setting): The first oxygen alarm will be a decreasing alarm and the second oxygen alarm will be an increasing alarm.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Both Alarms Falling</strong>: Both oxygen alarms will be decreasing alarms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Both Alarms Rising</strong>: Both oxygen alarms will be increasing alarms.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 6: Parameter Tab, Option 1 Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Tab</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cal Past Due Act</td>
<td><strong>Confirm to Cal</strong> (factory setting): The instrument will sound an alarm and the user will have to press and release POWER MODE or AIR to continue. <strong>Must Calibrate</strong>: The instrument cannot be used until a calibration has been performed. <strong>Notification Only</strong>: The instrument will display that a calibration is due but will continue with the warm up sequence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Latching</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong> (factory setting): The instrument remains in its alarm condition until the alarm condition passes and the POWER MODE button is pressed. <strong>Deselected</strong>: The instrument automatically resets an alarm when the alarm condition passes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cal Reminder</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong> (factory setting): The instrument will give an indication at start up if it is due for calibration. The type of indication will depend on the Cal Past Due Act setting. <strong>Deselected</strong>: The instrument will not give an indication at start up if it is due for calibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Fresh Air Adj</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong>: The instrument will perform a fresh air adjustment after the start up sequence. <strong>Deselected</strong> (factory setting): The instrument will not perform a fresh air adjustment after the start up sequence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Log Overwrite</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong> (factory setting): The instrument writes over the oldest data with new data when the data logger memory is full. <strong>Deselected</strong>: The instrument stops saving data to the data logger when the data logger memory is full.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Adjustment on Demand</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong> (factory setting): The user may perform a fresh air adjustment in normal operation by pressing the AIR button. <strong>Deselected</strong>: A fresh air adjustment cannot be performed using the AIR button in normal operation. You can still perform a fresh air adjustment in the GX-2009’s Calibration Mode or User Setup Mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password Protection</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong>: The instrument prompts you for a password when you enter User Setup Mode. Delete the current password in the box below the selection and enter the desired password. <strong>Deselected</strong> (factory setting): No password is required to enter User Setup Mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Option 2 Sub Tab

Table 7: Parameter Tab, Option 2 Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Bump Test Function</strong></th>
<th><strong>Selected</strong>: The BUMP menu item appears in the Calibration Mode menu. <strong>Deselected</strong> (factory setting): The BUMP menu item will not appear in the Calibration Mode menu.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bump Test Time Remaining</strong>*</td>
<td><strong>Selected</strong>: The instrument will give an indication at start up if it is due for bump testing. The type of indication depends on the Bump Test Past Due Act setting. <strong>Deselected</strong> (factory setting): The instrument will give no indication at start up if it is due for bump testing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bump Test Interval (Day)</strong>*</td>
<td>The Bump Test Interval(Day) setting defines the amount of time between bump tests. The minimum setting is 0 days and the maximum setting is 30 days (factory setting).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Bump Test Past Due

**Act**

**Confirm to Bump Test** (factory setting): The instrument will sound an alarm and the user will have to press and release the POWER MODE or AIR button to continue.

**Must Bump Test**: The instrument cannot be used until a bump test has been performed.

**Notification Only**: The instrument will display that a bump test is due but will continue with the warm up sequence.

### Bump Test Time (sec)*

The Bump Test Time(Sec) setting indicates the amount of time that the instrument is exposed to gas during a bump test. It can be set to 30 (factory setting), 45, 60, and 90 seconds.

### Calibration After Bump Test Failed*

**Selected** (factory setting): If a bump test performed without the SDM-2009 fails, the unit will automatically begin a calibration.

**Deselected**: If a bump test performed without the SDM-2009 fails, nothing will happen. See the GX-2009 Operator’s Manual for a description of bump testing the GX-2009 away from the SDM-2009.

### Bump Test Threshold (%)*

The Bump Test Threshold(%) setting defines the percentage that the bump test readings can differ from the actual gas concentration. If the bump test reading differs more, the bump test will fail. It can be set to 10, 20, 30 (factory setting), 40, or 50.

### Calibration Time (sec) After Bump Test Failed*

This setting defines the amount of time the instrument will remain exposed to calibration gas after a failed bump test if the Calibration After Bump Test Failed parameter is selected. The bump test time is deducted from the calibration time. For example, if Calibration Time(sec) After Bump Test Failed is set to 90 seconds and Bump Test Time(Sec) is set to 30 seconds, the instrument will only be exposed to gas for an additional 60 seconds. The setting can be 60 seconds, 90 seconds (factory setting) or 120 seconds.

* Parameters can be changed and uploaded to the instrument even if Bump Test Function is deselected.
The Sensor Tab displays the alarm settings and auto calibration values for all installed sensors. It also shows the date and time of the most recent calibration for each channel.

Any value in a white box can be changed. Values in shaded boxes cannot be changed. To change a value:

1. Click the box whose value you want to change. The entire box will turn blue.
2. Click the box again and only the value will be highlighted in blue.
3. Type in the new desired value.
4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 for any other values you wish to change and then click OK.
5. You will be asked if you want to save the changes that you made.
   - Select Yes if you wish to save the changes. The PC Controller program will update the instrument and then return you to the main program window.
   - Select No if you do not want to save the changes. The PC Controller program will return you to the main program window.
   - Select Cancel to return to the Sensor Tab and make any additional changes.
## Table 8: Spare Parts List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>06-1248RK</td>
<td>Polyurethane tubing, 5/16-inch OD x 3/16-inch ID, for connecting to inlet fittings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06-1248RK-03</td>
<td>Polyurethane tubing, 5/16-inch OD x 3/16-inch ID, 3 foot length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06-1254RK</td>
<td>Polyurethane tubing, 7/16-inch OD x 5/16-inch ID, for exhaust tube, 10 feet maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-0604RK</td>
<td>T-fitting for assembling GAS manifold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-0611RK</td>
<td>T-fitting for assembling exhaust manifold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32-0504RK</td>
<td>Check valve for exhaust fitting (when manifolded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33-0167RK</td>
<td>Particle air filter replacement, CF-8369</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47-5073RK</td>
<td>USB cable, Type A to Type B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49-0115RK</td>
<td>Single-port AC adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49-2058RK-04</td>
<td>4-port AC adapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-0261RK</td>
<td>Operator’s Manual, SDM-2009 Docking Station Standalone Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-0262RK</td>
<td>Operator’s Manual, SDM-2009 Docking Station PC Controlled Configuration (this document)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71-8007RK</td>
<td>Product CD, SDM-GX Series, includes Single Module Data Viewer and PC Controller Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0012RK-01</td>
<td>Calibration cylinder, 50 %LEL CH₄ in air, 34 liter steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0012RK-03</td>
<td>Calibration cylinder, 50 %LEL CH₄ in air, 103 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0018RK-01</td>
<td>Calibration cylinder, 50 %LEL isobutane in air, 34 liter steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0018RK-03</td>
<td>Calibration cylinder, 50 %LEL isobutane in air, 103 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0076RK</td>
<td>Zero air cylinder, 17 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0076RK-01</td>
<td>Zero air cylinder, 34 liter steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0076RK-03</td>
<td>Zero air cylinder, 103 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0090RK-01</td>
<td>Three-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL CH₄/12% O₂/50 ppm CO, 34 liter steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0090RK-03</td>
<td>Three-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL CH₄/12% O₂/50 ppm CO, 103 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0154RK-02</td>
<td>Four-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL CH₄/12% O₂/50 ppm CO/25 ppm H₂S, 58 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0154RK-04</td>
<td>Four-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL CH₄/12% O₂/50 ppm CO/25 ppm H₂S, 34 liter aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0158RK-02</td>
<td>Four-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL Isobutane/12% O₂/50 ppm CO/25 ppm H₂S, 58 liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-0158RK-04</td>
<td>Four-gas calibration cylinder, 50% LEL Isobutane/12% O₂/50 ppm CO/25 ppm H₂S, 34 liter aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-1054RK</td>
<td>Demand flow regulator, 34 liter aluminum, 58 liter, and 103 liter cylinders (cylinders with internal thread)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81-1055RK</td>
<td>Demand flow regulator, for 17 liter and 34 liter steel cylinders (cylinders with external thread)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82-6050RK</td>
<td>USB hub, 4-port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82-6051RK</td>
<td>USB hub, 7-port</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>