35-3001-12H Hydrogen/Methane Sample-Draw Detector Operator's Manual

Part Number: 71-0389

Revision: A

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WARNING

Read and understand this instruction manual before operating detector. Improper use of the detector could result in bodily harm or death.

Periodic calibration and maintenance of the detector is essential for proper operation and correct readings. Please calibrate and maintain this detector regularly! Frequency of calibration depends upon the type of use you have and the sensor types. Typical calibration frequencies for most applications are between 3 and 6 months, but can be required more often or less often based on your usage.

Product Warranty

RKI Instruments, Inc. warrants gas alarm equipment sold by us to be free from defects in materials, workmanship, and performance for a period of one year from date of shipment from RKI Instruments, Inc. Any parts found defective within that period will be repaired or replaced, at our option, free of charge. This warranty does not apply to those items which by their nature are subject to deterioration or consumption in normal service, and which must be cleaned, repaired, or replaced on a routine basis. Examples of such items are:

a) Absorbent cartridges

d) Batteries

b) Pump diaphragms and valves

e) Filter elements

c) Fuses

Warranty is voided by abuse including mechanical damage, alteration, rough handling, or repair procedures not in accordance with the operator's manual. This warranty indicates the full extent of our liability, and we are not responsible for removal or replacement costs, local repair costs, transportation costs, or contingent expenses incurred without our prior approval.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES AND REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ALL OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES ON THE PART OF RKI INSTRUMENTS, INC. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT SHALL RKI INSTRUMENTS, INC. BE LIABLE FOR INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OR DAMAGE OF ANY KIND CONNECTED WITH THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS OR FAILURE OF ITS PRODUCTS TO FUNCTION OR OPERATE PROPERLY.

This warranty covers instruments and parts sold to users by authorized distributors, dealers, and representatives as appointed by RKI Instruments, Inc.

We do not assume indemnification for any accident or damage caused by the operation of this gas monitor, and our warranty is limited to the replacement of parts or our complete goods.

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Overview

This operator's manual describes the 35-3001-12H hydrogen/methane sample-draw detector. This manual also describes how to install, start up, maintain, and calibrate the sample-draw detector when using it with a gas monitoring controller. A parts list at the end of this manual lists replacement parts and accessories for the sample-draw detector.

Specifications

Table 1 lists specifications for the hydrogen/methane sample-draw detector. See the controller Operator's Manual for information specific to the controller.

Table 1: Specifications

Target Gases and Detection Range	Hydrogen: 0 - 100% LEL Methane: 0 - 100% LEL	
Input Power	24 VDC Nominal (18.5 VDC - 30 VDC)	
Construction (housing)	Fiberglass/polyester (NEMA 4X)	
Dimensions	8.5 in. H x 6.5 in. W x 4.25 in. D	
Weight	4.5 lbs.	
Sampling Method	Sample-draw	
Sample Flow	3.0 SCFH typical, with no inlet or exhaust line	
Flow to Sensor	1.0 SCFH (nominal)	
Low Flow Setpoint	0.6 ± 0.1 SCFH	
Maximum Recommended Inlet/ Exhaust Line Length for 1/4" O.D. x 1/8" I.D. Tubing	<u>Inlet</u>	<u>Exhaust</u>
	50 feet	0 feet
	* RKI Instruments, Inc. does not recommend installing this tubing size on both the inlet and exhaust.	
Maximum Recommended Inlet/ Exhaust Line Length for 1/4" O.D. x 0.170" I.D. Tubing	<u>Inlet</u>	<u>Exhaust</u>
	50 feet	50 feet
	75 feet	0 feet
Response Time	90% in 30 seconds	
Accuracy	Hydrogen: ± 5% of reading or ± 2% LEL (whichever is greater) Methane: ± 5% of reading or ± 2% of full scale (whichever is greater)	

WARNING: When using the 35-3001-12H, you must follow the instructions and warnings in this manual to assure proper and safe operation of the 35-3001-12H and to minimize the risk of personal injury. Be sure to maintain and periodically

calibrate the 35-3001-12H as described in this manual.

Description

Pump Connector Oxygen Sensor Mounting Flowmeter Circuit Terminal Foot, 4X **Board Connector** Strip Sensor Flow Control Valve Pump (<u>a</u>) FailLED IR CH4 Sensor Pilot LED (inside block) IR CH4 Flow Block IR CH4 Sensor PCB Pump Reset Switch Hydrogen Sensor Hydrogen Flow Block Flowmeter Detector/Amp Pressure Switch Terminal Strip Adjustment Screw \odot **(** \oplus (Factory Wired) (behind PCB) Hydrophobic Filter Interconnect Terminal This End To Strip Inlet Fitting 3/4" Conduit Hub Particle Filter INLET Inlet Fitting **EXHAUST** Exhaust Fitting

This section describes the components of the hydrogen/methane sample-draw detector.

Figure 1: Hydrogen/Methane Sample-Draw Detector Component Location

External Components

This section describes the sample-draw detector's external components.

Housing

The sample-draw detector's fiberglass housing is weather- and corrosion-resistant. It is suitable for

installation where general purpose equipment is in use.

The housing door is hinged on the left side and is secured by two latches on the right side. The flowmeter and status LEDs are visible through a window in the housing door.

Four mounting feet are attached to the back of the housing (one at each corner). Use the mounting feet to install the housing to a vertical surface.

Sample Fittings

The sample fittings are located on the left side of the bottom of the housing. The inlet fitting is near the front of the housing and the exhaust fitting is near the back of the housing. The sample fittings accept 1/4 in. rigid tubing. See the Installation section on page 6 to connect tubing to the sample fittings.

Particle Filter

A particle filter with a tubing stub on one end is shipped with the instrument but it is not factory installed. If the particle filter is installed directly to the inlet fitting, the tubing stub must be used. If the particle filter is installed somewhere else, like at the end of the inlet line, the tubing stub can be used or removed.

Conduit Hub

One 3/4" conduit hub is located on the right side of the bottom of the housing. It is used for routing wiring into the housing by using conduit or an appropriate cable bushing.

Internal Components

This section describes the sample-draw detector's internal components (see Figure 1). Figure 2 illustrates how the gas sample moves through the flow system.

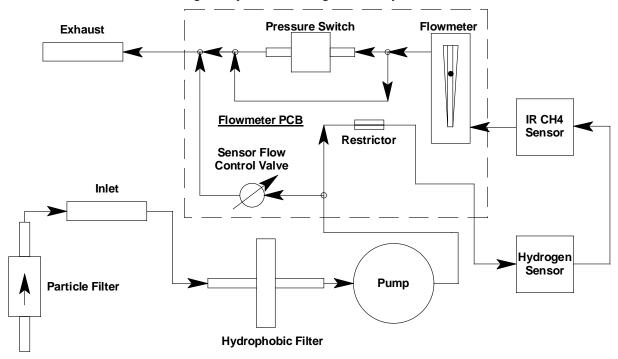


Figure 2: Hydrogen/Methane Sample-Draw Detector Flow Diagram

Main Circuit Board

The main circuit board includes the detector/amp terminal strip, interconnect terminal strip, oxygen sensor terminal strip, pump connector, and flowmeter circuit board connector (see Figure 1).

Detector/Amp Terminal Strip

The detector/amp terminal strip is the upper twelve-point terminal strip in the bottom right corner of the main circuit board. Use the detector/amp terminal strip to connect the hydrogen and methane sensors to the main circuit board.

NOTE: The hydrogen and methane sensors are factory-wired to the main circuit board. See the "Installation" section on page 6 for all wiring procedures related to the sample-draw detector.

Interconnect Terminal Strip

The interconnect terminal strip is the lower twelve-point terminal strip in the bottom right corner of the main circuit board. Use the interconnect terminal strip to connect the sample-draw detector to a controller.

Oxygen Sensor Terminal Strip

The oxygen sensor terminal strip is a two-point terminal strip in the upper right corner of the main circuit board. This terminal strip is not used in this version of the sample-draw detector.

Pump Connector

The pump connector is the two-point connector below the oxygen terminal strip in the upper right corner of the main circuit board. Use the pump connector to connect the pump to the main circuit board.

NOTE: The pump is factory-wired to the main circuit board. See "Installation" on page 6 for all wiring procedures related to the sample-draw detector.

Flowmeter Circuit Board Connector

The flowmeter circuit board connector is a six-position connector in the upper left corner of the main circuit board. Use the flowmeter circuit board connector to connect the flowmeter circuit board to the main circuit board.

NOTE: The flowmeter circuit board is factory wired to the main circuit board. See "Installation" on page 6 for all wiring procedures related to the sample-draw detector.

Flowmeter Circuit Board

The flowmeter circuit board is mounted to the left side of the main circuit board using standoffs. It includes the flowmeter, sensor flow control valve, status LEDs, pressure switch, and pump reset switch.

Flowmeter

The flowmeter is mounted to the right side of the flowmeter circuit board. You can see it through the window in the door. A ball in the flowmeter column indicates the flow rate to the sensor. The flowmeter measures the flow in the range 0.2 to 2.0 SCFH (Standard Cubic Feet per Hour). The optimum flow rate is 1.0 SCFH.

Sensor Flow Control Valve

The sensor flow control valve is mounted to the flowmeter circuit board above the flowmeter. The sensor flow control valve adjusts the flow rate to the detector. Turn the valve's knob clockwise to increase the flow and counterclockwise to decrease the flow.

Status LEDs

Two status LEDs are above the flowmeter. They are also visible through the window in the housing door. The green Pilot LED is on when the sample-draw detector is receiving power from the controller. The red Fail LED is on when the sample flow rate is below the low flow level.

Pressure Switch

The pressure switch is mounted to the back of the flowmeter circuit board. The pressure switch monitors the flow rate of the incoming gas sample.

If the flow rate falls below the preset low flow level, the pressure switch causes the Fail LED to turn on and interrupts the signal from the detector. The interrupted detector signal causes a fail condition at the controller. The low flow level is factory-set at 0.6 SCFH (±0.1 SCFH). See "Adjusting the Low Flow Setting" on page 15 to adjust this setting.

Pump Reset Switch

The pump reset switch is located to the left of the status LEDs. When a low flow condition occurs, the pump will be shut off. To reset the low flow condition and start the pump again, press and hold the pump reset switch for about 2 seconds, then release.

Hydrophobic Filter

The hydrophobic filter is located toward the bottom left of the main circuit board. The filter prevents particulates and water in the incoming gas sample from damaging the flow and detection systems. Replace the filter when it appears dirty, discolored, or clogged.

Pump

The pump is mounted to the right side of the main circuit board. The pump pulls the gas sample into the sample-draw detector. The pump operates on 24 VAC, which is generated from the 24 VDC supplied by the controller.

Hydrogen Sensor

The catalytic hydrogen sensor detects hydrogen in the %LEL range. It uses a catalytic element for detection. The reaction of gas with oxygen on the catalyst causes a change in the resistance of the element which changes the current flowing through it. The current is proportional to the detection range of the sample-draw detector.

The hydrogen sensor is installed in the flow block and the flow block is mounted to the middle of the main circuit board. It is the lower of the two flow blocks mounted to the main circuit board. The sensor housing includes a sintered metal flame arrestor on one end that allows gas to diffuse into the sensor. The sensor has a built in molecular sieve that only allows hydrogen to diffuse into the detector. On the other end, five pins extend from the sensor and plug into the socket connector. The connector allows you to replace the sensor without disconnecting the wiring. Four leads extending from the connector allow you to connect the hydrogen sensor to the main circuit board.

IR CH₄ Sensor/IR CH₄ Sensor PCB

The methane sensor is an infrared type plug-in detector. Infrared methane detectors are generally used instead of the catalytic methane detectors in applications where there may be catalyst poisons such as silicone present or where oxygen is not present in the monitoring environment.

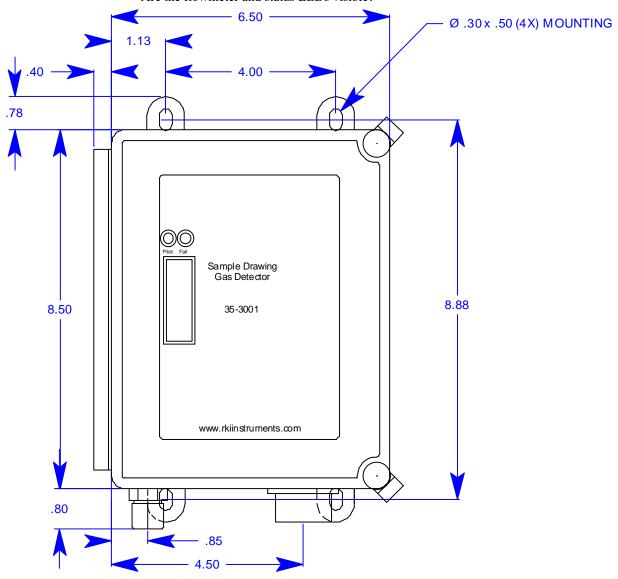
The methane sensor is installed in the IR CH₄ flow block and the IR CH₄ flow block is mounted to the middle of the main circuit board. It is the upper of the two flow blocks mounted to the main circuit board. A small circuit board, the IR CH₄ sensor PCB, with a 4-wire cable mates to the IR CH₄ sensor and retains it in the flow block. The cable is wired to the main PCB. The IR CH₄ sensor PCB allows you to replace the sensor without disconnecting the wiring.

Installation

This section describes procedures to mount the sample-draw detector in the monitoring environment and wire the sample-draw detector to a controller.

Mounting the Sample-Draw Detector

- 1. Select the mounting site. Consider the following when you select the mounting site:
 - Is there enough room to open the housing door and make wiring and tubing connections at the bottom of the housing?
 - Make sure there is sufficient room to perform start-up, maintenance, and calibration procedures.
 - Are the flowmeter and status LEDs visible?



NOTE: Housing is 4.3 inches deep

Figure 3: Outline and Mounting Dimensions

2. Close and latch the housing door.

NOTE: The sample-draw detector is shipped with the mounting feet "tucked under" the housing to protect the mounting feet during shipment.

- 3. Slightly loosen the screw that secures the mounting foot to the housing, then rotate the mounting foot 180 degrees (see Figure 3).
- 4. Tighten the screw that secures the mounting foot to the housing.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for the remaining three mounting feet.
- 6. Position the sample-draw housing on a vertical surface at eye level (4 1/2 to 5 feet from the floor).
- 7. Insert 1/4 inch screws through the slots in the mounting feet to secure the housing to the mounting surface.

Connecting the Sample Lines to the Sample-Draw Detector

See Figure 5 for the fitting layout.

Installing the Inlet Line with Particle Filter Connected to the Inlet Fitting

- 1. Loosen the nut on the inlet fitting until 3 threads are visible.
- 2. Push the particle filter's tubing stub into the inlet fitting until it stops. Be sure the arrow on the particle filter is pointing toward the inlet fitting.
- 3. Hand tighten the nut on the inlet fitting so the ferrules clamp on the tubing. If the tube nut is removed, see Figure 5 for the arrangement of the fitting components.
- 4. Connect a length of sample tubing to the other side of the particle filter and route it to the sampling area. 1/4" O.D. rigid polypropylene, Teflon, or flexible polyurethane tubing may be used. RKI Instruments, Inc. recommends using either 1/4" O.D. x 1/8" I.D. or 1/4" O.D. x 0.170" I.D. tubing based on your length requirements. See "Specifications" on page 1 for maximum tubing lengths based on tubing size.

CAUTION: If you use flexible sample tubing (polyurethane is acceptable), use an appropriate insert if necessary to provide support to the tubing and ensure a good seal when connecting to the flexible stub on the filter.

CAUTION: Avoid loops or slumps in the incoming sample line. To reduce response time, keep the incoming sample line as short as possible.

Installing the Inlet Line without Particle Filter Connected to the Inlet Fitting

- 1. Loosen the nut on the inlet fitting until 3 threads are visible.
- 2. Push 1/4" O.D. rigid polypropylene or rigid Teflon sample tubing into the fitting until it stops. Flexible polyurethane tubing may be used with an appropriate insert. RKI Instruments, Inc. recommends using either 1/4" O.D. x 1/8" I.D. or 1/4" O.D. x 0.170" I.D. tubing based on your length requirements. See "Specifications" on page 1 for maximum tubing lengths based on tubing size.

CAUTION: If you use **flexible** sample tubing (polyurethane is acceptable), use an appropriate insert to seal the connection between the tubing and the inlet fitting.

- 3. Hand tighten the nut on the inlet fitting so the ferrules clamp on the tubing. If the tube nut is removed, see Figure 5 for the arrangement of the fitting components.
- 4. Route tubing from the inlet fitting to the sample area. See "Specifications" on page 1 for maximum tubing lengths based on tubing size.

CAUTION: Avoid loops or slumps in the incoming sample line. To reduce response time, keep the incoming sample line as short as possible.

5. If desired, install the particle filter onto the end of the inlet line. Be sure the arrow on the particle filter is pointed toward the inlet line.

Installing the Exhaust Line

- 1. Loosen the nut on the exhaust fitting until 3 threads are visible.
- 2. Push 1/4" O.D. rigid polypropylene or rigid Teflon sample tubing into the fitting until it stops. Flexible polyurethane tubing may be used with an appropriate insert. RKI Instruments, Inc. recommends using either 1/4" O.D. x 1/8" I.D. or 1/4" O.D. x 0.170" I.D. tubing based on your length requirements. See "Specifications" on page 1 for maximum tubing lengths based on tubing size.

CAUTION: If you use **flexible** sample tubing (polyurethane is acceptable), use an appropriate insert to seal the connection between the tubing and the inlet fitting.

- 3. Hand tighten the nut on the exhaust fitting so the ferrules clamp on the tubing. If the tube nut is removed, see Figure 5 for the arrangement of the fitting components.
- 4. Route the opposite end of the tubing to an open area where the sample can safely disperse or to an exhaust duct. See "Specifications" on page 1 for maximum tubing lengths based on tubing size

Wiring the Sample-Draw Detector to a Controller

WARNING: Always verify that the controller is off and that power to the controller is off before you make wiring connections.

- 1. Turn off the controller.
- 2. Turn off power to the controller.
- 3. Unlatch and open the housing door of the sample-draw detector.
- 4. Guide a ten-conductor, shielded cable or ten wires in conduit through the conduit hub at the bottom of the sample-draw housing. A minimum of 18 AWG wire is recommended.
- 5. Connect the cable to the sample-draw detector's interconnect terminal strip as shown in Figure 4.
- 6. Close and latch the housing door of the sample-draw detector.

CAUTION: If using shielded cable, leave the cable shield's drain wire insulated and disconnected at the sample-draw detector. You will connect the opposite end of the drain wire at the controller.

7. Route the cable or wires in conduit leading from the sample-draw detector through one of the conduit hubs at the controller.

8. Connect the wires to the applicable detector/transmitter terminal strip at the controller as shown in Figure 4. Refer to the controller operator's manual and the controller detector head specification sheet for the 35-3001-12H for detector/terminal strip connections specific to the controller.

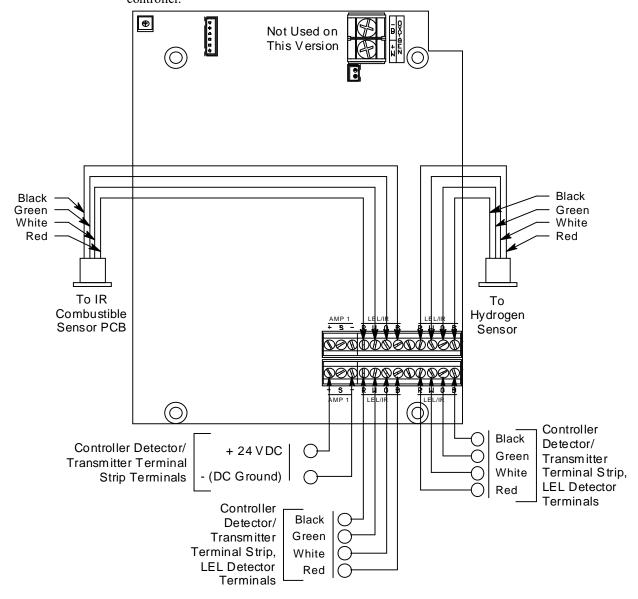


Figure 4: Wiring the Sample-Draw Detector to a Controller

9. If shielded cable is used, connect the cable's drain wire to an available chassis (earth) ground at the controller. RKI controllers typically have a ground stud that can be used to ground the cable's drain wire.

Start Up

This section describes procedures to start up the sample-draw detector and place the sample-draw detector into normal operation.

Introducing Incoming Power

- 1. Complete the installation procedures described earlier in this manual.
- 2. Verify that the wiring is correct and secure. Refer to the controller operator's manual for connections at the controller.
- 3. Turn on or plug in the power to the controller, then turn on the controller.
- 4. Verify that the sample-draw detector's Pilot LED is on.
- Verify that the controller is on and operating properly. Refer to the controller operator's manual.
- 6. Verify that the flowmeter indicates a flow rate of approximately 1.0 SCFH. If necessary, use the sensor flow control valve to adjust the flow rate. Turn the valve's knob clockwise to increase the flow and counterclockwise to decrease the flow.

NOTE: The following step tests for leaks in the sample line. This test will cause a low flow condition at the sample-draw detector and a fail condition at the controller. Be sure to put the controller into its calibration program or disable external alarms before performing this test.

- 7. Verify that the incoming sample line is not leaking. To test the sample line, press and hold the reset switch and plug the open end of the sample line with your thumb. If the flowmeter ball drops to the bottom of the flowmeter, the incoming sample line is not leaking.
- 8. Remove your thumb from the sample line, release the reset switch, and verify the flowmeter returns to a normal flow rate.
- 9. Enable alarms or place the controller in normal operation.

CAUTION: Allow the sample-draw detector to warm up for 5 minutes before you continue with the next section, "Setting the Zero Reading."

Setting the Zero Reading

CAUTION: If you suspect the presence of combustible gas or an abnormal oxygen concentration in the monitoring environment, use the calibration kit and the zero air calibration cylinder to introduce "fresh air" to the sensor and verify an accurate zero setting. See "Calibration" on page 17 for instructions on using a zero air calibration cylinder for setting the zero reading.

- 1. Verify that the sample-draw detector is sampling a fresh air environment (environment known to be free of combustible gas and of normal oxygen concentration, 20.9%).
- Verify a reading of 0% LEL for each channel on the controller display screen.
 If the display reading is 0% LEL for each channel, start up is complete. The sample-draw detector is in normal operation. If the display reading is not 0% LEL for each channel, continue with step 3.
- 3. Perform a zero (fresh air) operation on each channel at the controller. See "Setting the Zero

Reading" on page 17 and the controller operator's manual for instructions to perform a zero (fresh air) operation.

Maintenance

This section describes maintenance procedures. It includes preventive maintenance procedures. This section also includes procedures to troubleshoot the sample-draw detector, replace components of the sample-draw detector, adjust the low flow setting, and remove the particle filter's tubing stub.

Preventive Maintenance

This section describes a preventive maintenance schedule to ensure the optimum performance of the sample-draw detector. It includes daily, monthly, and quarterly procedures.

Daily Visual Checks

- 1. Verify that the Pilot LED is on.
- 2. Verify that the flowmeter indicates a flow rate of approximately 1.0 SCFH. If necessary use the sensor flow control valve to adjust the flow rate to 1.0 SCFH. Turn the valve's knob clockwise to increase the flow and counterclockwise to decrease the flow.
- 3. Verify a display reading of 0% LEL on each channel at the controller. Investigate significant changes in the display reading.

Monthly Response Test

This procedure describes a test to verify that the sample-draw detector responds properly to the target gas.

NOTE: To reduce the response time of this test, use a short incoming sample line. If the sample-draw detector's sample line is long, connect a shorter line for this test. Make sure you reconnect the sample line after you complete this procedure.

NOTE: Performing a response test on the sample-draw detector may cause alarms. Be sure to put the controller into its calibration program or disable external alarms before performing this test.

Preparing for the response test

NOTE: This procedure describes the RKI calibration kit that includes a demand flow regulator.

Verify that the display reading at the controller is 0% LEL for each channel.
 If the display reading is not 0% LEL for each channel, set the zero reading as described in "Calibration" on page 17, then continue this procedure.

Performing the response test

- 1. Screw the demand flow regulator into the hydrogen calibration cylinder.
- 2. Connect the calibration tubing from the demand flow regulator to the inlet fitting. Gas will begin to flow.
- 3. After approximately one minute, verify that the hydrogen reading at the controller stabilizes within \pm 20% of the concentration of the test sample. If the reading is not within \pm 20% of the

test sample, calibrate the hydrogen channel as described in "Calibration" on page 17.

- 4. Remove the calibration tubing from the inlet fitting.
- 5. Unscrew the regulator from the hydrogen calibration cylinder.
- 6. Screw the regulator into the methane calibration cylinder.
- 7. Connect the calibration tubing from the demand flow regulator to the inlet fitting. Gas will begin to flow.
- 8. After approximately one minute, verify that the methane reading at the controller stabilizes within \pm 20% of the concentration of the test sample. If the reading is not within \pm 20% of the test sample, calibrate the methane channel as described in "Calibration" on page 17.
- 9. Remove the calibration tubing from the inlet fitting.
- 10. Store the calibration kit in a safe place.

Quarterly Calibration

Calibrate the sample-draw detector as described in "Calibration" on page 17.

Troubleshooting

The troubleshooting guide describes symptoms, probable causes, and recommended action for problems you may encounter with the sample-draw detector.

NOTE: This troubleshooting guide describes sample-draw detector problems only. See the controller Operator's Manual if the controller exhibits any problems.

Fail Condition

Symptoms

- The sample-draw detector's Fail LED is on.
- The monitoring device is operating properly but indicates a reading well below zero.

Probable causes

- The sample-draw detector's flow rate is too low because of an obstructed sample line, failed pump, etc.
- The sample-draw detector is malfunctioning.
- The sensor wiring is disconnected or misconnected.

Recommended action

- 1. At the sample-draw detector, set the correct flow rate with the sensor flow control valve.
- 2. If you cannot set the correct flow rate, check the sample lines for obstructions or kinks.
- 3. Verify that the sensor wiring is correct and secure. "Wiring the Sample-Draw Detector to a Controller" on page 8 describes sensor wiring connections.
- 4. Calibrate the sample-draw detector as described in "Calibration" on page 17.
- 5. If the fail condition continues, replace the sensor(s) as described in "Replacing Components of the Sample-Draw Detector" on page 13.
- 6. If the fail condition continues, contact RKI Instruments, Inc. for further instruction.

Slow or No Response/Difficult or Unable to Calibrate

Symptoms

• The sensor responds slowly or does not respond during the monthly response test.

- Unable to accurately set the zero or response reading during the calibration procedure.
- The sensor requires frequent calibration.

Probable causes

- The calibration cylinder is low, out-dated, or defective.
- If a demand flow regulator calibration kit is used, the demand flow regulator is not functioning properly.
- The sample-draw detector's flow rate is too low because of an obstructed sample line, failed pump, etc.
- The sample-draw detector is malfunctioning.

Recommended action

- 1. Verify that the calibration cylinder contains an adequate supply of a fresh test sample.
- 2. If a demand flow regulator calibration kit is used, use a different demand flow regulator to determine if the original one is functioning properly.
- 3. If necessary, set the correct flow rate with the sensor flow control valve.
- 4. If you cannot set the correct flow rate, check the sample line for obstructions or kinks.
- 5. If the calibration/response difficulties continue, replace the sensor as described later in this section.
- 6. If the calibration/response difficulties continue, contact RKI Instruments, Inc. for further instruction.

Replacing Components of the Sample-Draw Detector

This section includes procedures to replace the hydrogen sensor, IR CH₄ sensor, hydrophobic filter, and particle filter.

Replacing the Hydrogen Sensor

- 1. Turn off the controller.
- 2. Turn off power to the controller.
- 3. Open the housing door of the sample-draw detector.
- 4. Unscrew and remove the two screws that secure the sensor retaining plate, then lift the plate, connector, and sensor out of the housing.
- 5. Unplug the connector from the sensor.
- 6. Verify that you are using the correct replacement sensor (NC-6244A is printed on the sensor), then plug the sensor into the connector.
- 7. Place the sensor in the hydrogen sensor cavity, then position the retaining plate on the two standoffs.
- 8. Secure the retaining plate to the standoffs with the two screws you removed in step 4.
- 9. Close and latch the housing door.
- 10. Turn on power to the controller.
- 11. Turn on the controller.

CAUTION: Allow the replacement sensor to warm up for 5 minutes before you continue.

12. Calibrate the replacement sensor as described in "Calibration" on page 17.

Replacing the IR CH4 Sensor

- 1. Turn off the controller.
- 2. Turn off power to the controller.
- 3. Open the housing door of the sample-draw detector.
- 4. Unscrew and remove the four screws that secure the IR CH₄ sensor PCB, then lift the IR CH₄ sensor PCB and sensor off of the flow block.
 - There is a gasket at the bottom of the flow block. Be sure the gasket stays in place.
- 5. Unplug the sensor from the IR CH₄ sensor PCB.
- 6. Verify that you are using the correct replacement sensor, then plug the sensor into the IR CH₄ sensor PCB.
- 7. Place the sensor and sensor PCB in the combustible gas sensor cavity.
- 8. Secure the sensor PCB on the flow block with the four screws you removed in step 4.
- 9. Close and latch the housing door.
- 10. Turn on power to the controller.
- 11. Turn on the controller.

CAUTION: Allow the replacement sensor to warm up for 5 minutes before you continue.

12. Calibrate the replacement sensor as described in "Calibration" on page 17.

Replacing the Hydrophobic Filter

- 1. Turn off the controller.
- 2. Turn off power to the controller.
- 3. Open the housing door of the sample-draw detector.
- 4. Disconnect the filter from the rubber elbows on each end of the filter, then remove the filter from the sample-draw detector.
- 5. Install the new filter. Be sure the side of the filter marked "INLET" is connected to the elbow that is connected to the inlet fitting.
- 6. Turn on power to the controller.
- 7. Turn on the controller.
- 8. Verify that the flow rate is approximately 1.0 SCFH, then close the housing door.

Replacing the Particle Filter

- 1. Turn off the controller.
- 2. Turn off power to the controller.
- 3. If the particle filter is installed at the inlet fitting:
 - 1. Disconnect the tubing routed to the sampling area, if installed, from the particle filter.
 - 2. Disconnect the particle filter from the tubing stub.
 - 3. Install the new particle filter onto the tubing stub. Be sure the arrow on the particle filter is pointing toward the inlet fitting.
 - 4. Reinstall the tubing routed to the sampling area.

- 4. If the particle filter is installed at the end of the inlet line:
 - 1. Remove the particle filter from the tubing stub.
 - 2. Install the new particle filter onto the tubing stub. Be sure the arrow on the particle filter is pointing toward the inlet line.
- 5. Turn on power to the controller.
- 6. Turn on the controller.

Adjusting the Low Flow Setting

NOTE: Adjusting the low flow setting will cause a low flow alarm at the sample-draw detector and a fail alarm at the controller. Be sure to put the controller into its calibration program or disable external alarms before performing this test.

The factory-set low flow setting is 0.6 SCFH (\pm 0.1). To adjust the low flow setting:

1. Use the sensor flow control valve to set the flow to 0.6 SCFH. Turn the valve's knob clockwise to increase the flow and counterclockwise to decrease the flow.

If the sample-draw detector goes into low flow alarm before you can adjust the flow down to 0.6 SCFH, adjust the pressure switch adjustment screw 1/4 turn clockwise, then attempt to set the flow again. Repeat this step until you are able to adjust the flow to 0.6 SCFH.

NOTE: The pressure switch adjustment screw is accessible through a circular cutout in the flowmeter circuit board.

- 2. Slowly turn the pressure switch adjustment screw counterclockwise just until the sample-draw detector goes into low flow alarm.
- 3. Turn the sensor flow control valve's knob clockwise to increase the flow until the unit is out of low flow alarm when the reset switch is pressed and released.
- 4. Decrease the flow very slowly by turning the sensor flow control valve's knob counterclockwise and verify that the low flow alarm is 0.6 SCFH (± 0.1).
 - If the low flow alarm is set too high, turn the pressure switch adjustment screw slightly clockwise. Repeat steps 3 and 4 if necessary.
- 5. Use the sensor flow control valve to set the flow to 1.0 SCFH.
- 6. Make sure the sample-draw detector's Fail LED is off.

Removing the Particle Filter's Tubing Stub, if Necessary

A short tubing stub comes factory installed in the particle filter. It is used for connecting the particle filter to the inlet fitting. If you have installed the particle filter and no longer want it installed, you will need to remove the particle filter's tubing stub from the inlet fitting and replace it with tubing.

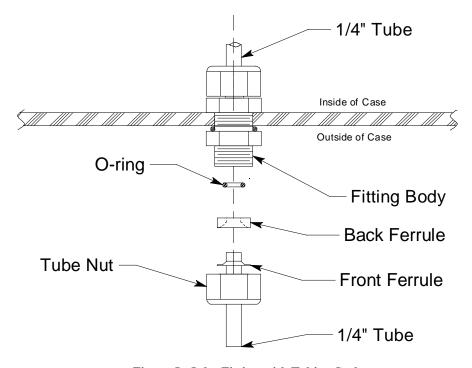


Figure 5: Inlet Fitting with Tubing Stub

CAUTION: Do not pull the tubing stub downward to remove it.

- 1. Remove the particle filter from its tubing stub.
- 2. Unscrew the outside inlet fitting tube nut from the fitting body. The tubing stub should come out with the tube nut. Be careful not to lose the O-ring that may come out with the tubing stub. If you do lose the O-ring or if it is damaged, see "Parts List" on page 19 for the spare part number.
- 3. Push the tubing stub up and out of the front ferrule being careful not to lose the ferrule set. If you do lose the ferrule set or if it is damaged, see "Parts List" on page 19 for the spare part numbers.
- 4. Push the new tubing up through the inlet fitting tube nut and replace the ferrule set and the Oring, if it came out, in the orientation shown in Figure 5.
- 5. Screw the inlet fitting tube nut back onto the fitting body. See "Connecting the Sample Lines to the Sample-Draw Detector" on page 7 for instructions to install a new piece of tubing into the fitting.

Calibration Frequency

Although there is no particular calibration frequency that is correct for all applications, a calibration frequency of every 3 months is adequate for most sample draw detector applications. Unless experience in a particular application dictates otherwise, RKI Instruments, Inc. recommends a calibration frequency of every 3 months for the hydrogen sensor and every 6 months for the infrared methane sensor.

If an application is not very demanding, for example detection in a clean, temperature controlled environment, and calibration adjustments are minimal at calibration, then a calibration frequency of every 6 months is adequate for the hydrogen sensor and every 9 to 12 months is adequate for the infrared methane sensor.

If an application is very demanding, for example if the environment is not well controlled, then more frequent calibration than every 3 months for the hydrogen detector and 6 months for the infrared methane sensor may be necessary.

Calibration

This section describes how to calibrate the hydrogen and methane sensors. It includes procedures to prepare for calibration, set the zero reading, set the response reading, and return to normal operation.

NOTE: This procedure describes calibration using a demand flow regulator.

Preparing for Calibration

1. Follow the instructions in the controller's operator's manual for entering calibration mode.

NOTE: If you can verify a fresh air environment, it is not necessary to use the zero air calibration cylinder to set the zero reading.

2. Screw the regulator into a zero air calibration cylinder.

Setting the Zero Reading

- 1. Connect the sample tubing from the demand flow regulator to the sample-draw detector's inlet line. This step is not necessary if you verified a fresh air environment earlier in this procedure.
- 2. Allow the sample-draw detector to draw sample for one minute.
- 3. Follow the directions in the controller's operator's manual for setting the zero reading for both channels. If you used a zero air calibration cylinder to set the zero reading, proceed to step 4. If you verified a fresh air environment, proceed to the next section, Setting the Response Reading.
- 4. Disconnect the sample tubing from the inlet line.
- 5. Unscrew the regulator from the zero air calibration cylinder.

Setting the Response Reading

- 1. Screw the regulator into the hydrogen calibration cylinder.
- 2. Connect the sample tubing from the demand flow regulator to the sample-draw detector's inlet line.

- 3. Allow the sample-draw detector to draw sample for one minute.
- 4. Follow the directions in the controller's operator's manual for setting the span.
- 5. Disconnect the sample tubing from the inlet line.
- 6. Unscrew the regulator from the hydrogen calibration cylinder.
- 7. Screw the regulator into the methane calibration cylinder.
- 8. Connect the sample tubing from the demand flow regulator to the sample-draw detector's inlet line.
- 9. Allow the sample-draw detector to draw sample for one minute.
- 10. Follow the directions in the controller's operator's manual for setting the span.
- 11. Disconnect the sample tubing from the inlet line.
- 12. Unscrew the regulator from the methane calibration cylinder.

Returning to Normal Operation

- 1. Wait approximately one minute to allow the readings to return to 0% LEL.
- 2. Follow the instructions in the controller's operator's manual to exit the calibration mode.
- 3. Store the components of the calibration kit in a safe and convenient place.

Parts List

Table 2 lists replacement parts and accessories for the sample-draw detector.

Table 2: Parts List

Part Number	Description	
06-1248RK	Sample tubing, 3/16" ID x 5/16" OD, specify length	
06-1248RK-03	Sample tubing, 3/16" ID x 5/16" OD, 3 feet (for calibration kit)	
07-0110RK	Gasket for IR flow block	
17-2670	Inlet fitting O-ring	
17-2671	Inlet fitting front ferrule	
17-2672	Inlet fitting back ferrule and tube nut	
30-1016RK	Pump	
33-0165RK	Hydrophobic filter	
33-0167RK	Particle filter	
61-0155RK	Hydrogen sensor, plug-in type, LEL range	
61-5039RK-CH4	Infrared CH ₄ sensor, plug-in type, LEL range	
71-0389	Operator's Manual, 35-3001-12H Sample-Draw Detector	
81-0002RK-01	Calibration cylinder, 50% LEL hydrogen in air, 34 liter steel	
81-0002RK-03	Calibration cylinder, 50% LEL hydrogen in air, 103 liter	
81-0012RK-01	Calibration cylinder, 50% LEL methane in air, 34 liter steel	
81-0012RK-03	Calibration cylinder, 50% LEL methane in air, 103 liter	
81-0076RK-01	Zero air calibration cylinder, 34 liter steel	
81-0076RK-03	Zero air calibration cylinder, 103 liter	
81-1054RK	Regulator, demand flow, for 34 liter aluminum, 58 liter, and 103 liter calibration cylinders (cylinders with internal threads)	
81-1055RK	Regulator, demand flow, for 17 liter and 34 liter steel calibration cylinders (cylinders with external threads)	